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COMMENT OF THE DAY

The Danger

THE so-called referendum by which the Persian nation is supposed to have indicated an overwhelming desire for the abolition of the constitutional parliamentary system is nothing less than a calculated manoeuvre on the part of Dr. Mossadeq to obtain for himself absolute dictatorial powers. The manner in which the referendum was conducted illustrates this. There was no secret ballot, everybody who voted was finger-printed, (obviously for subsequent identification should the occasion demand) and there were even separate voting booths for the pro and anti Mossadeq factions. Under these circumstances the referendum lost its meaning as a spontaneous declaration of popular opinion and Dr. Mossadeq, though he may feel he has won the day, may yet discover that he has laid up much future trouble for himself and his country. According to the Persian Premier the referendum was necessary because the Majlis Opposition was preventing Parliament from approving what he considered necessary measures, but the real reason for Mossadeq's move was because he knew he could never secure through a constitutional body the unconditional powers which he demands, hence the use of steam-roller tactics.

BUT even if Dr. Mossadeq now considers he holds a popular mandate to rule the country without a parliament, it is not apparent how he intends to wield that power in the interests of the nation. Certainly the new position he has usurped for himself cannot help his relations with the Western Powers who are unanimous in their abhorrence of anything smacking of dictatorship. He cannot look forward to a more friendly and sympathetic America in consequence of his latest action, and even the reactions of the Moslem world are uncertain. Undoubtedly he is now in a position to eradicate the last vestiges of political influence which the Shah may have possessed, but in doing this he has also won for himself some very shady supporters, namely the Communists. They, quite naturally, are all in favour of the overthrow of constitutional authority and their active participation in the referendum was to be expected. The more important question is whether and in what manner they will attempt to exploit the situation thus created by Dr. Mossadeq.

THE Persian Premier may quite sincerely regard himself as the "strong man" of the country and capable of withstanding political pressure from any side. Nevertheless, he has accomplished little or nothing that is positive as the nation's political leader. He is a skillful propagandist and a first-class actor who can play effectively on the emotions of the people. But he is no statesman, and his grip on Persia's political forces is probably more apparent than real. The powers which he wins from the referendum enable him to dispose of constitutional opposition, but lurking in the background are the well-organised Communists who are much more capable of overthrowing Dr. Mossadeq and his regime than his opponents in the Majlis. And if, as it seems likely, Dr. Mossadeq insists upon naming himself a political dictator he will have prepared the ground for the Communists in just the manner best suited to them. So far as they are concerned, a coup d'état would be almost constitutional. Dr. Mossadeq has scored his referendum triumph, but in so doing has placed the future of Persia in jeopardy.

Protest Strikes And Demonstrations By Rebellious East Germans

Thirty Survive Air Crash PLANE LOCATED

Paris, Aug. 3. An Air France Constellation airliner, which crashed with 42 aboard on a flight to the Middle East was found today near Fethiye on the southeast Turkish coast after a day-long search by planes and ships.

Air France announced tonight that four people were killed. Three injured passengers and 27 unhurt were taken to hospital in Fethiye.

Air France said the plane crash was seen by a lighthouse keeper, who gave the alert.

The crash occurred about 40 miles from the island of Castellorizo, the last position given by the plane in an SOS at 2.25 GMT this morning, saying it was about to crash land.

First hint of the plane's whereabouts was given in a telegram from one of the passengers, Rene Guyonard, who cabled his wife in Paris from Fethiye saying he was safe.

The cable was received in Paris before Air France heard from its Beirut representative that the plane had been found. Until then the search had been concentrated in the sea around Castellorizo.

The Constellation, on a flight from Paris to Tehran, left Rome at 11.32 p.m., GMT Sunday night and was due in Beirut at 4.35 a.m., GMT on Monday.

Most of the passengers were from Middle East countries. Earlier, it was stated there were 33 passengers on board but this figure was amended to 34. It had a crew of eight.

Air France said the four dead were a Lebanese man and woman, an Iraqi businessman and a Syrian woman.

None of the eight crew members was injured.

The company said later that the missing passenger, whose name was not given, had been found safe.

Later information received in Paris said the Constellation made a "belly landing" on the water near a beach and sank.

Reuter.

No Troops As Labour Forces

Washington, Aug. 3. The White House announced tonight that there was no intention of using American fighting troops as labour forces in the reconstruction of Korea.

Tonight's statement was issued by the Assistant Press Secretary at the White House, who said that President Eisenhower wanted American forces to furnish technical aid to the South Korean Government to speed up the reconstruction of the country. He said that American fighting forces would not be used as work battalions.

—France-Press.

Kidnapped Millionaire Ransomed

Singapore, Aug. 4. A Singapore millionaire was kidnapped and released after payment of a ransom reported to be in the region of Straits \$200,000.

Mr. Thio Soen Tioe, a member of the Singapore Millionaires Club, was travelling into town early on July 25 in a car with his third wife. A car overtook and forced them to stop by the roadside. Mr. Thio and his wife were released after negotiations and the reported payment of a ransom of Straits \$200,000. He was landed on the northeast coast of Singapore.

Mr. Thio is reputed to be worth more than Straits \$10,000,000 with property in Singapore and Indonesia.

Reuter.

McCARTHY ANGERS CIO

Paris, Aug. 3. Mr. Walter P. Reuther, President of the American Congress of Industrial Organisations, said here today his organisation was ready to join the American Government in a campaign against the "bigotry, intolerance and political immorality" of McCarthyism.

Replying to questions at a Press conference, Mr. Reuther, who returns to the United States tomorrow after a month in Europe, said he hoped the events of the last few weeks indicated that the Eisenhower administration was now prepared to fight McCarthyism.

"It would be more encouraging if more Americans, Republicans and Democrats, would follow the lead of the President's eldest brother," Mr. Reuther said.

(Mr. Reuther, Eisenhower's Kansas City backer, said last week that when he thought of Senator McCarthy he was reminded of Hitler. He added that Senator McCarthy had done the Republican Party no good.)

Asked whether he thought Senator McCarthy was responsible for the fall of American prestige in Europe, Mr. Reuther replied: "I think Senator McCarthy has contributed more to strengthen Communism and weaken the position of the United States than any other American. I think McCarthy is un-American and immoral and is playing directly into the hands of the Communists."

His influence had been somewhat exaggerated by the European press. Nevertheless he was a danger, and the CIO had fought his influence from the beginning. If, as he hoped, the Eisenhower administration was now ready to fight McCarthyism, the CIO was ready to co-operate in the fight.

Reuter.

MASS ARRESTS BY COMMUNIST POLICE REPORTED

Soviet Troops And Tanks Called Out Near Berlin

Berlin, Aug. 3. Tens of thousands of rebellious East German workers were reported staging protest strikes and demonstrations today after their Communist Government attempted to bar them from getting American food in West Berlin.

Mass arrests by the Communist police were reported. Reliable reports said the vast Leuna chemical works in Merseburg, the Buna rubber works near Halle and plants in Magdeburg, Jena, Bitterfeld and other major Soviet Zone cities were paralysed by work stoppages.

At the same time, Communist secret police squads reportedly were arresting large numbers of strikers and East Germans caught bringing back "Eisenhower food packages" from Berlin.

House searches by police squads were reported in Berlin's Soviet sector and in major East German cities.

The unrest followed riots and the burning of buildings yesterday in a zone-wide outburst touched off when the Communists closed rail and road traffic to Berlin in an effort to block the American West German programme for providing food for East Germans.

East Germans who succeeded in getting into Berlin reported the disturbances in virtually every corner of the Soviet Zone. Though less widespread than the nationwide anti-Communist rising of July 17, they were serious enough to force the German Communist authorities to call troops and tanks to help.

In Cottbus, a medium-sized town about 60 miles southeast of Berlin, angry workers rioted for hours outside the main station. Communist police cordons were broken and the Communists finally called in Russian troops and tanks to break up the crowds.

SHOTS FIRED
Several apparently authentic reports said a number of shots were fired over the heads of the crowd.

Russian troops also were reported called in to quell disturbances at Gormien, a town about 50 miles northeast of Berlin near the present Polish border, when large crowds rioted there in protest against the arrest of 32 package carriers.

At Magdeburg, an eyewitness reported that tens of thousands of angry East Germans tried to storm the railway ticket office between 7 p.m. and 8 p.m. yesterday.

Communist "People's Police" linked arms but the crowds broke through and were driven back only after fighting with police who wielded rubber truncheons.

Many demonstrators were hurt. At Gross Schoenbeck, a small town north of Berlin, a crowd of about 250 staged a sitdown strike on the railway tracks for several hours. Communist police finally summoned reinforcements.

The East German news agency ADN said it had been "authorised" to state that these reports were "lies" from beginning to end.

"Several recent announcements in the warmonger press of provocations in the East German Democratic Republic and in the democratic sector of Berlin show that the wish of the hostile forces conquered on June 17 was the father to the thought," the announcement said.

It added that these reports had betrayed the organisers of the "food parcel action" as wanting not to aid the East Germans but to create new arson, plunder, pillage, murders and provocations "as they themselves have told us a little too soon."

The East German news agency ADN said that a "free food" distribution scheme begun today by East Berlin Communists in answer to the West's would be resumed tomorrow.

"FOOD WAR"
This "food war" without violence started as East Berliners crossed into the Western part of the city this morning to pick up their ten-pound free parcels under the American-German scheme.

Rockets shot over from the Eastern sector, dropping leaflets telling West Berlin's unemployed and pensioners to collect gift parcels from the other side of the boundary.

To the blare of march music and propaganda speeches, the Communists set up distribution points about 100 yards inside the boundary, and by afternoon said they had given away more than 2,000 food parcels.

The East Berlin food distribution stopped after three hours. Eye-witnesses said the Com-

Eden Back Home



Mr. Anthony Eden recently returned to England from the United States after a successful gall bladder operation. Here he is seen, looking thin and drawn, together with Mrs. Eden, as they set off to visit the Prime Minister at Chequers.

London Express photo.

Glorious Holiday For Britons

London, Aug. 3. Blue skies and blazing sunshine spurred city dwellers all over Britain today to get out and enjoy their traditional bank holiday, basking on seaside beaches.

London became a deserted city as droves of holiday-makers left the spreading capital by road, rail and air.

Air services to the continent were working at full pressure from early morning with extra planes carrying trippers to Paris, Nice and Holland, Dublin and the Channel Islands were among the most popular destinations.

Nearly every coastal resort within 100 miles of London reported a record influx of visitors. Thousands of families settled down on seaside sands for the day to enjoy the sun and sea breeze.

At Blackpool, Mecca of Northern holidaymakers, the immense stretch of sand was black with trippers.

Nearly 30,000 vehicles an hour queued on 20 main roads to leave London, bound for the country towns and holiday resorts.

For "stay-at-homes" in London there was a batch of big sporting events as well as fairs and entertainments in the city parks. —China Mail Special.

Sino-Soviet Alliance?

Washington, Aug. 3. American officials believe the Soviet Union and Communist China are preparing to bring North Korea into an Asian Communist military alliance.

They expect a quick Communist move to counter the security pact offered by the United States to South Korea as a guarantee against a recurrence of aggression.

The pact is to be negotiated between Mr. John Foster Dulles, the Secretary of State, and President Syngman Rhee in Seoul this week.

American officials say the Communist counter move can be expected to be either:

1. An extension to North Korea of the military guarantees in the Chinese-Soviet Treaty of Friendship signed in Moscow in 1951.
2. A direct mutual assistance pact between Communist China and North Korea with open or secret clauses, through which the Soviet Union would pledge military and material aid to build up the North Korean army. —Reuter.

THE KOREA DEMARCATION LINE



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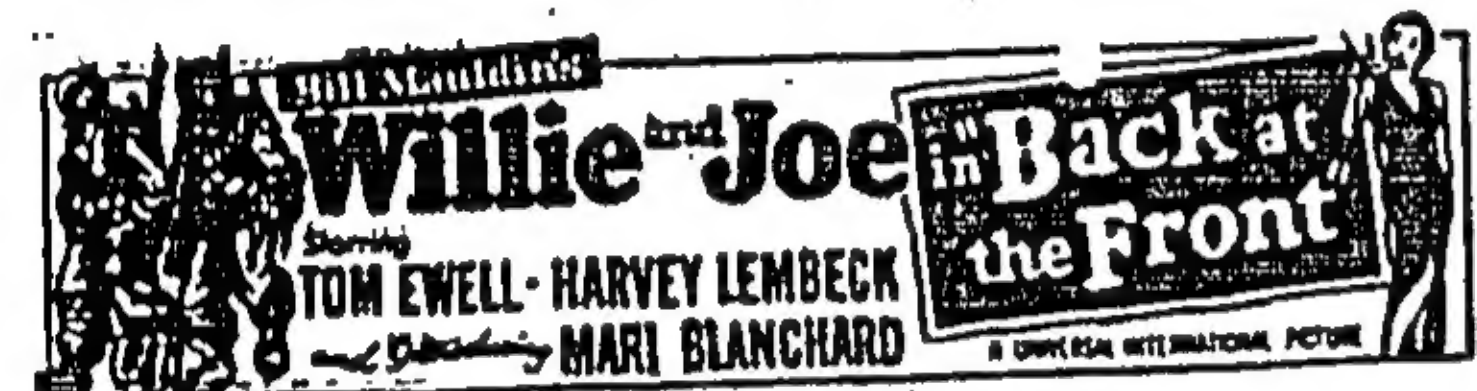
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Next Change: "TYCOON"

They Dashed To Freedom



Seen above are three of eight Czechs who staged one of the most dramatic dashes to freedom yet recorded when their armoured car rammed through a barbed-wire barricade on the frontier and took them into safety in West Germany. The armoured car had been built in secret, the process taking months. Communist border guards, thinking the vehicle a Czech army armoured car, watched open-mouthed as it roared across the frontier.—Express Photo.

Peking Unable To Oblige

Colombo, Aug. 3
In reply to a question in the House of Representatives today, Mr. V. Rumarum, Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister of Food and Agriculture, said Ceylon had asked for 30,000 tons of rice a year, but China had stated she was unable to provide more than the 27,000 tons mentioned in the five-year-trade agreement between the countries.—Reuter.

New British Ambassador To Burma

London, Aug. 4.
Mr. P. H. Gore Booth, 44, head of the British Information Services in the United States, has been appointed Ambassador at Rangoon.
He will succeed Mr. R. L. Speaight, who will soon be taking up an appointment in the Foreign Office.
Mr. Gore Booth will be succeeded by Mr. G. D'Arcy Edmondson, now head of the British Information Services in New York.
Mr. Gore Booth was to have been one of Sir Winston Churchill's advisers at the Bermuda Conference, which was postponed when the Prime Minister's doctors ordered him to rest.
Mr. Speaight, 46, was appointed Ambassador in Rangoon in 1950. He has been in the Foreign Service since 1929 and he served in Budapest, Warsaw and Cairo.—Reuter.

The World's Best Brain

Chicago, Aug. 3.
The world's fastest electronic brain, known as Oracle, will be installed at Oak Ridge atomic works this autumn, the Atomic Energy Commission's Argonne National Laboratory announced today.
Among its accomplishments, the Oracle can multiply 12 digit numbers some 2,000 times a second.
It can solve in 20 to 30 minutes a mathematical problem which would take five to six years for two mathematicians to solve with desk-type electric calculators.
Announcing these claims, the Argonne National Laboratory said that the digital, computer-type device got its name of Oracle from the initials of Oak Ridge's automatic computer, logical engine.—Reuter.

FRANCE CUTS DEFICIT

Paris, Aug. 3.
France cut its global trade deficit for 1952 by some 40 per cent below that of 1951, Finance Ministry figures showed today.
The 1952 deficit totalled \$52,000,000 against a \$1,058,000,000 in 1951.
The deficit was still \$414,000,000 above that of 1950.
The improvement in this country's trade balance was largely due to import cuts.—United Press.

Dulles' Assurances On Korea Welcomed In London

London, Aug. 3.

The United States Secretary of State, Mr. John Foster Dulles, target of bitter British and European criticism last week, has allayed fears of an impatient American "walk-out" at the Korean peace conference, officials said today.

They welcomed his assurances that the United States will consult its allies before adopting its "final line" on Korea.

An official called Mr. Dulles' proposal to nix South Korea a step toward democracy in Asia by using United Nations forces for rehabilitation both "moderate and constructive."

However, Mr. Dulles cleared the air to restore an atmosphere of confidence in American policy in conferences with the British Ambassador, Sir Roger Makins, and other Allied envoys in Washington.

Even before that statement, Mr. Dulles' earlier Korean statement on a walk-out, today openly conceded growing dissatisfaction with the "moderate and constructive" approach reflected in Mr. Dulles' latest explanations.

They agreed with his suggestion that Allied forces remain in Korea for some time. They also supported "in principle" the idea that Allied forces should assist Korea in the difficult task of reconstruction and recovery.

The latest consultations also solved a number of problems about the forthcoming Korean political conference. But they failed to settle the Anglo-American differences on Red China's admission to the United Nations.

There is now full Anglo-American agreement that the agenda of the forthcoming political conference should be kept as short as possible and that it should be first confined to a settlement of the Korean peace.

Both nations will support this view in the United Nations General Assembly later this month which determines the date, place and scope of the meeting.

END OF SEPTEMBER?
The question of Red China's admission to the United Nations will not be on the preliminary agenda, the sources said.

If the conference goes well and a settlement is in sight, the conference might then be extended to deal with "other Far Eastern issues."

There are suggestions here that Red China should be given a year's "probation" to satisfy the free world that she is worthy of becoming a member of the United Nations and will abide by its charter.

Colombo, Ceylon, is favoured by Eastern as the most suitable meeting place for the conference. New Delhi is the second choice. Geneva has also been suggested tentatively, and the United States was reported to favour the Swiss capital.

The conference is expected to be held at the earliest for the end of September and at the latest for mid-October.—United Press.

May Be Replaced

Tokyo, Aug. 3.
Foreign Office sources today said that Eikichi Araki, Japanese Ambassador to Washington, may be replaced by Sadao Iguchi, Ambassador to Canada.—France-Press.



DE GASPERI TO TAKE HOLIDAY

Rome, Aug. 3.
Rejected Premier Alcide De Gasperi arrived by train from Rome today for a few days' "absolute rest." He is taking it at his country home in Val-sugana.
Signor De Gasperi was accompanied by his wife, two daughters and his private secretary.—United Press.

Britain Breaking Records

Crude Steel Output

Geneva, Aug. 3.
Crude steel production in Britain is breaking new records while elsewhere it is relatively stable, according to April and May figures in the quarterly bulletin of steel statistics issued today by the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe.

In West Germany, however, output dropped steeply in those months after reaching a post-war top level in the first quarter this year.

The statistics generally suggest a possible pause in the general post-war upward trend of steel production in Europe (Russia excluded) though developments in different countries are not uniform.

Phenomenally high steel imports into Western Germany dropped from 183,000 tons in January to 114,000 in April and may currently be back to 40,000 or 50,000 tons a month, the report says. This reduction points to a coming recovery in West German steel production.

British and Italian imports and scrap rose by well over half as compared to the corresponding quarter of 1952.—Reuter.

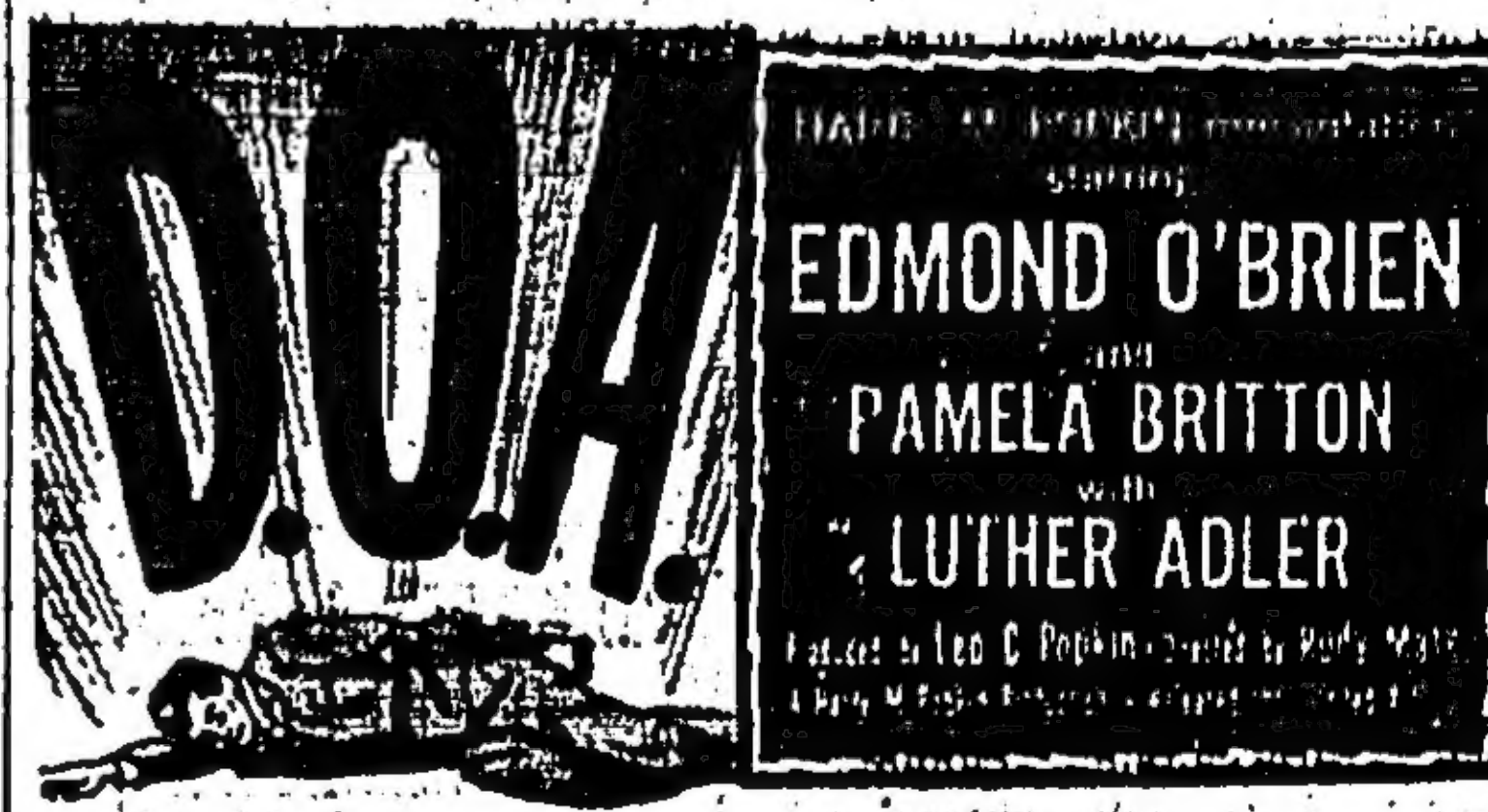
Queen's, 5.15, 7.30 & 9.30 p.m.

SHOWING TO-DAY

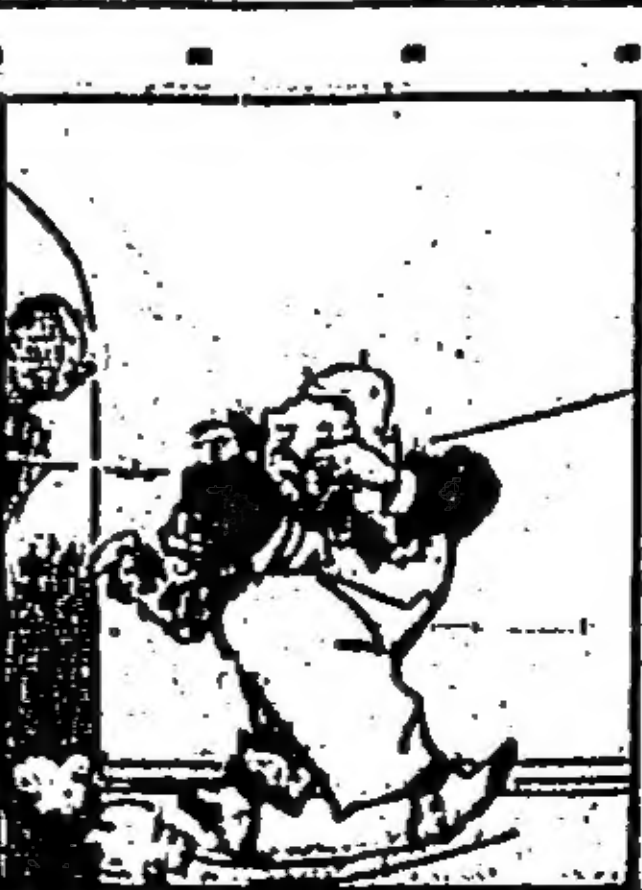


LI LI-HWA in
"GENERAL CHAI & LADY BALSAM"
A Chinese Picture
WITH ENGLISH SUBTITLES

SHOWING TO-DAY MAJESTIC AIR-CONDITIONED AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.



NEXT CHANGE ! Robert Montgomery • Ann Blyth in "ONCE MORE, MY DARLING"



Relaxation Of World Tension Called For By U.N. Secretary-General

Bill Would Remove Inequities

Washington, Aug. 3. A comprehensive bill designed to remould American immigration and naturalization policy "into its traditional directions of justice, equity and welcome" was introduced into Congress today.

Eight Senators and 24 members of the House of Representatives joined in offering the bill, which would replace the controversial McCarran-Walter Act passed last year over former President Truman's veto.

All the sponsors except Senator Wayne Morse (Independent, Oregon) are Democrats, but they said the measure aimed to carry out "pledges made last year by the spokesmen for both major political parties to remove the inequities and discriminations from our basic immigration and naturalization laws."

The bill would abolish the present national origins quota system of immigration, under which each nation's share of 154,000 aliens admissible annually now is based on the make-up of the U.S. population in 1920.

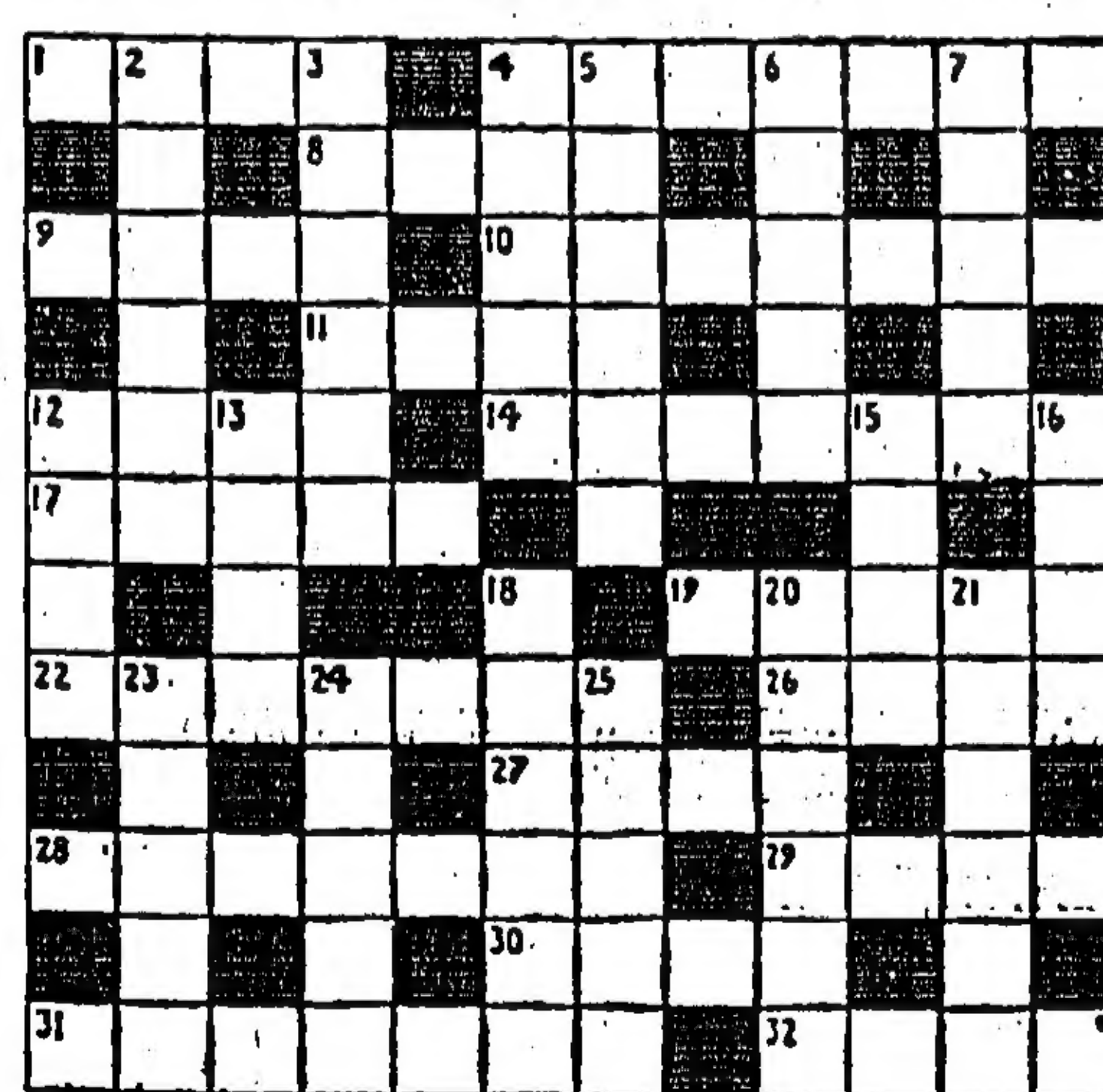
Instead, a new "united quota system" would be established. It would increase the number of quota immigrants admissible annually to about 251,000 including the Western Hemisphere.

Senator Herbert Lehman (Democrat, New York), chief Senate sponsor, and the other sponsors joined in a statement saying:

"The proposed act is a comprehensive revision of present law designed to reflect the true American tradition of equal justice under the law for alien and citizen, and of friendly welcome for immigrants without discrimination or bias but within a strengthened limitation as to total numbers."

"Our new bill provides full security against subversive and other undesirable aliens but raises the red tape curtain which is now lowered against entry of aliens either as immigrants or visitors from across the seas."—Reuter.

A British Crossword Puzzle



- ACROSS**
- 1 Estate (4).
 - 2 Nook (4).
 - 3 Remember (7).
 - 4 Regrets (4).
 - 5 Continuous pain (4).
 - 6 Traps hard (7).
 - 7 Detach with the teeth (4).
 - 8 Wickedness (4).
 - 9 Fastens (7).
 - 10 Cap (5).
 - 11 Plunder (5).
 - 12 Footwear (7).
 - 13 Tackle (4).
 - 14 Spare (4).
 - 15 Frequented (7).
 - 16 Detail (4).
 - 17 Manner of walking (4).
 - 18 Encourage (7).
 - 19 Point of the compass (4).
- DOWN**
- 10 Voice (6).
 - 11 Reposes (5).
 - 12 Value highly (6).
 - 13 Forewell (5).
 - 14 Lord (5).
 - 15 Flows back (4).
 - 16 Metal (4).
 - 17 Abundant (4).
 - 18 Prophet (4).
 - 19 Avar (6).
 - 20 Set fire to (6).
 - 21 Tabs (6).
 - 22 Not asleep (5).
 - 23 Benefactor (5).
 - 24 Carrying-chair (5).

YESTERDAY'S CROSSWORD—Across: 1 Bohemian, 5 Dunce, 8 Haven, 9 Mishap, 10 Liken, 11 Meres, 12 Site, 13 Coast, 16 Recent, 17 Traded, 20 Greet, 23 Dive, 24 State, 25 Spoil, 28 Lariat, 29 Sower, 28 Knits, 29 Slogan. Down: 1 Bumsing, 2 Hesitate, 3 Sham, 4 Tapered, 5 Deleted, 6 Unison, 7 Chess, 14 Attiling, 15 Threaten, 16 Rattles, 17 Settles, 19 Resist, 21 Ripen, 24 Earl.

New York, Aug. 3. Mr Dag Hammarskjöld, United Nations Secretary-General, greeting the Korean armistice as a victory for collective security, said in his annual report today it should improve prospects for fruitful negotiation on other issues.

He called for efforts to relax tensions where they exist and to bear painful disappointments with patience recognising that settlements usually come slowly.

He also pleaded that the member nations should respect the independent position of the United Nations Secretariat and recognise the "essential role of an international civil service."

Indian Delegate To See Nehru

Bombay, Aug. 3. Mr V.K. Krishna Menon, India's delegate to the United Nations Assembly, arrived today for consultations with the Prime Minister, Mr Nehru.

He will leave for New Delhi later and will stay there for five days before returning to New York.—Reuter.

TUC URGED TO ALTER ITS VIEWS

Steel Board Issue

London, Aug. 3. The Ironmakers and Shipbuilders Society (22,000 members) today urged the Trades Union Congress, with a membership of eight million to declare that if any T.U.C. General Council member accepts posts on the board to supervise Britain's new denationalised steel industry, his immediate resignation will be demanded.

There were bitter recriminations throughout the T.U.C. when four leaders recently accepted such posts.

But the T.U.C. General Council at a meeting in June passed a resolution rejecting the idea that it was incompatible with its policy for responsible trade unionists to serve on the new Iron and Steel Board.

The Council holds the view that however much the Conservatives are to be condemned for denationalising steel, it is best, in the interests of workers, that they should have representation on the Board.—Reuter.

On Korea he said the truce signalled "the failure of the attempt to unify Korea by armed aggression" and made possible the resumption of efforts to achieve by peaceful means the United Nations objective of "a unified, free and democratic Korea."

"It also improves the prospect for fruitful negotiation on other issues."

"The members of the United Nations have recognised that the international community has a responsibility to aid Korea as a victim of armed aggression in the restoration and reconstruction of its ravaged land," he wrote.

"It seems to me of high importance that this responsibility should be carried out honestly, vigorously and generously by the United Nations and with the widest possible participation of its members."

"I am confident that the government of members will explore in other areas where tensions exist all possibilities for a further relaxation of those tensions and for progress towards settlement."

PATIENCE NEEDED

"I hope that the peoples will understand that such processes are usually slow and that it may be necessary to bear with fortitude and patience a succession of painful disappointments extending sometimes over a period of years before acceptable compromises are reached on severely contested questions involving basic national policies and interests."

Mr Hammarskjöld said the United Nations system placed at the disposal of the member nations a wider diversity of influences and institutions favourable to peaceful settlement than had existed in the past.

"Its open debates give public opinion the opportunity to test the merits of the respective national positions on the issues before the organisation," he added. "In spite of what superficially and in a short perspective may often seem to be indications to the contrary the long run tends to reduce the differences between these positions."

He said that the United Nations provided not only for ascertaining the consensus of world opinion on such issues but also a more formal machinery for negotiation, mediation and conciliation developed on basis of sovereign equality.

ONLY THE BEGINNING

"I believe that we have only begun to explore the full possibilities of the United Nations in these respects especially the most fruitful combinations of public discussion on the one hand and private negotiation and mediation on the other. But the opportunities are here to be tested and used."

Dealing with the United Nations expanded programme of technical assistance he wrote: "It would be a most unfortunate and unnecessary setback to international co-operation if the growth of this constructive programme should now be arrested by a lack of sufficient funds."

While I fully appreciate the heavy financial burden on the members, I feel confident they will wish to review the goals which should be established. "The related problem of increasing the flow of public and private capital for financing economic development will once again—rightly occupy an important place on the agenda of the next session of the General Assembly."

NOT SUFFICIENT

Mr Hammarskjöld said that the efforts that had so far been made by the governments, both inside and outside the United Nations, to increase the flow of private and public capital for economic development were not sufficient.

Mr Hammarskjöld said he hoped that the governments would find occasion in the months and years ahead to give greater attention to the importance for world peace of extending the scope of international law "of building up respect for its discipline and of resorting more willingly to the International Court."

"I hope also that they will reaffirm in their policies the respect they have pledged in

the Charter for the independent position of the Secretariat of the United Nations and the recognition there given to the essential role of an international civil service in an irrevocably interdependent world."

"As Secretary-General I shall uphold the policies concerning the conduct of members of the Secretariat which is a condition for this independence."

LOYALTY ISSUE

In his report Mr Hammarskjöld referred indirectly to the dismissal of some members of the United Nations Secretariat, who were alleged to have been Communist sympathisers.

"As for the Secretariat—I refer here to the staff not only of the United Nations itself but of the specialised agencies as well—the concept of a truly international civil service and of the independent authority in this respect of the Secretary-General and the Directors-General is not yet fully understood and accepted," he said.

"There are, here, mutual obligations. On the one hand, members of the Secretariat must accept the international discipline that requires them to abstain from any political activity outside the scope of their duties and from any other activity which might throw doubt on their status as trusted and dedicated servants of the United Nations as a whole."

"On the other hand, on this basis the international civil service should be left free from national pressures of any sort. Only if this is so will the Secretariat be able to render the service necessary to world organisation."—Reuter.

GENERAL'S SON MARRIED

New Orleans, Aug. 3. Major William Clark, son of the United Nations Far Eastern Command, was married today to Mrs Audrey Claire Lodin, a 25-year-old socialite divorcee.

The ceremony took place in the Holy Name of Jesus Roman Catholic Church.

Although divorced persons are ordinarily not permitted to be married in church, the Roman Catholic Church did not recognize Mrs Clark's first marriage and divorce since it had been a civil ceremony.

General Mark Clark, in uniform, stood as best man with the bride's sister, Mrs Edward Wegmann, as Matron of Honour.

An estimated 1,000 people crowded into the picturesque church on the campus of Loyola University for the wedding, one of the social events of the year.—Reuter.

Report On Israel's Finances

Jerusalem, Aug. 3. Israel's Finance Minister, Mr Levi Eshkol, told the Knesset (Parliament) today that "Israel is half-way towards economic independence."

Mr Eshkol, who was introducing his 2,175,000,000 Development Budget, added that only one-fifth of Israel's needs in foreign currency were now covered.

The Minister announced that the first of six oil prospecting companies licensed to search for oil would start its first trial drill next month.

Mr Eshkol told the House that the main revenue of the Budget was the 2,175,000,000 (215,000,000) repayments from West Germany (254,500,000) and the sale of 225,000,000 of Israel's independence bonds to the United States.

The main item of expenditure was more than 247,000,000 on agriculture.—Reuter.

Believed To Be Killer



French and Spanish police on both sides of the frontier at Perpignan, Northern Spain, are searching the surrounding districts for the "Tough One"—otherwise known as "Ramón Villa"—a 45-year-old notorious bandit. In their search for the men who stopped and shot Dr Bernard Peck and his wife. The latter was killed and Dr Peck seriously wounded. From the description given by Dr Peck to the police it is believed that Ramón Villa—"The Tough One"—is the man they want.—Express Photo.

Unemployment In India Shows Notable Increase

Bombay, Aug. 3. India's Five Year Plan may be stepped up in order to combat the increasing unemployment. Congress Working Committee, the executive body of the country's ruling party, after re-examining the plan, came to the conclusion that the major cause of unemployment was insufficient expansion of opportunities of work in relation to the increasing population.

"In view of the under-developed conditions of the country, this deficiency can be made up only by a vigorous, adequate and many-sided programme of development," the Committee stated.

It urged the State to adopt a more "positive role" in the development of industries in order to combat unemployment and said that it should assume a larger degree of responsibility in regard to cottage and small-scale industries.

The Committee also pointed out that the problem of employment for those who receive education in schools and colleges was also becoming increasingly difficult. It said that the number of such persons had increased out of proportion to possible openings of the kind sought by them. The type of education which they received was not suited to the present requirements. The educational system should, therefore, be reorganised to meet the needs of the country.

The National Convention of the Praja-Socialist Party, the country's second largest political party, also recently expressed its "grave concern" over the increase of unemployment in the country. It added that fundamentally the problem could be tackled only if the Government moved forward to reorganise and rationalise its economy as a whole.

HOPES BELIED

In a resolution, the Convention said that the optimistic calculations of the Five Year Plan had been belied by events. The fall in agricultural prices had threatened to curtail demand for manufactured goods and to lead to further fall in employment.

The resolution listed land reforms, rural co-operatives, state aid to agriculture and protected markets for small industries as some of the basic reforms needed for the re-organisation of the economy.

It also added that to augment economic investments, banks, insurance companies, mines and foreign trade should be owned and operated by state. These changes it listed as "minimum" to meet the problem of unemployment.

Mr B.A. Dange, Communist leader and General Secretary of the All-India Trade Union Congress, recently urged workers in all trades and industries to prepare for the smallest per-

AMERICA-JAPAN TALKS ON REVISION OF AGREEMENT

Right To Try Servicemen And Civilians In Japan

Tokyo, Aug. 3. The United States and Japan are likely to begin talks later this week to revise the agreement under which the American Army, Navy and Air Force are allowed to maintain bases in Japan, Japanese Government sources said today.

Japan wants the agreement revised so her courts will have the right to try American servicemen and civilians attached to forces who commit crimes on Japanese territory outside their bases.

An American Embassy spokesman said today the Embassy had not yet received instructions from Washington. The United States-Japan treaty, which came into effect with the end of the Allied occupation of Japan on April 28 last year, is expected to be revised on the lines of new agreements recently concluded between the United States and West European countries.

Authoritative sources said Japan will press for these new arrangements in the revised agreement.

1. Japan shall have the right to try American servicemen and attached civilians for crimes committed not on duty. But the United States shall have jurisdiction over crimes between American servicemen and American civilians and crimes committed inside American bases.

SERIOUS CRIME

2. Japan shall have the right to try Americans committing crimes according to Japanese law, which would not be crimes under United States law.

3. In case of serious crimes, each side would favourably consider waiving its rights of jurisdiction at the request of the other side.

4. Americans would have the right to guard their bases and installations.

5. The new agreement would come into force at the same time as the NATO pact.

The revised United States-Japan security treaty is likely to become the basis for agreements between Japan and the Commonwealth and other foreign countries with servicemen stationed here.—Reuter.

Press Trust Employees Demonstrate

New Delhi, Aug. 3. More than 1,000 workers of the Press Trust of India—India's biggest news agency—staged demonstrations all over India today to demand increased wages.

Staff from senior correspondents to messengers, appeared at work wearing red badges inscribed "Long Exploited P.T.I. workers demand fair wages."

Public meetings were held in Delhi, Bombay, Calcutta, Madras and other centres. Employees are threatening "direct action" if their demands are not met.

The form of direct action has not yet been defined but it may be an all-India strike.

Messages of sympathy were sent to P.T.I. employees by Congress Party, Communist and Socialist leaders.—Reuter.

Taken From Prison

Calcutta, Aug. 3. Serag el Din, former Secretary-General of the dissolved Ward Party, was taken from military prison to his home today, suffering from "several serious diseases including diabetes and lumbago," it was officially announced.

He was arrested in January with 155 others because of party activities against General Mohammad Nazim's regime. While at home he must not contact anyone and, after four days, further instructions will be issued.—Reuter.

Voters In Canada Apathetic

Ottawa, Aug. 3. Canada's political parties have discovered to their alarm that hot weather and election campaigns do not mix.

Organisers of the Liberal and Conservative Parties, the two major political forces in the country, have virtually abandoned any large-scale efforts to get crowds out to meetings, preferring for the country's general election.

What at first promised to be a murderously robust campaign has fallen completely flat. Government and Opposition leaders can scarcely find anyone to talk to. Surveys of speeches over the radio have shown a disastrously low listening audience. There is no campaigning by television in Canada.

Colourful and popular Mr Lester B. Pearson, Canada's Minister for External Affairs, was booked to address a monster rally in politically conscious Ottawa. Fewer than 600 people turned up.

A new election technique is being developed—the friendly visit. Ottawa is presented with the rare sight of its candidates strolling through the side streets eager to catch the eye of encouragement. The standard drop-in-for-a-neighborly chat, perhaps, lead tea and biscuits and, frequently, a long and cooling glass of beer.

There are no speeches, just a chat and sometimes a bit of an argument. The declamatory and heckling style of former campaigns has vanished.

The possibility of an extremely tight vote is worrying all the parties especially the two big ones the Liberals and Conservatives. In Ontario, in the 1949 election, a score of seats were won by fewer than 500 votes.—China Mail Special.

A METHODIST REVOLUTION

NO BRONCHIAL HARMONIUMS

By Les Armour

A REVOLUTION is brewing in Britain's Methodist Church — spurred by a man with a spotted bow tie, a twinkle in his eye, and a burning belief that Christianity is still the answer to mankind's bewilderment.

On the conference programme at Birmingham in Britain's industrial Midlands, he is listed as Donald Soper, M.A., Ph.D., Chairman of the Church Council.

But, to tens of thousands of Londoners, he is the man who has harried the hecklers on a hill overlooking the Tower of London every Wednesday afternoon for the last 26 years. To millions of radio listeners he is a rasping voice with a provocative manner which never fails to leave the audience in a fighting mood — on one side or the other.

He opened the conference with a typical exhortation: "Come with me and we will have fun in the name of the Lord."

"Come with me and we will hold our meetings maybe on church steps, or in market places, or, best of all, next door to a Communist meeting."

"Believe me, we will have no addition to bronchial harmoniums, no items by united choruses, no sanctified free-for-all."

A few minutes later, he was off to Birmingham's famed "bull-ring" for a session with the crowds.

Vital Part

That indicates the kind of revolution Methodists have voted themselves.

Dr Soper is a scholar — a Cambridge M.A. and a London Ph.D., no mean feat in their own right. And he is a Christian evangelist in the old-fashioned sense, he simply and in fighting fashion to the people and made a vital part of day-to-day living.

He announced his intention to become a minister at the ripe age of eleven and never wavered even though his boyhood preparation was perhaps a little out of keeping. He was captain of cricket and soccer teams at two schools and an all-round athlete. When he left school, he won a scholarship to Cambridge, took his degree with first class honours and then went to London University.

He was just 24 when he made his first appearance on Tower Hill. "I have never been so nervous in my life," he admits, "and, if I hadn't had some college companions to cheer me on, I never would have made it."

He told the crowd that he wasn't there to make a speech, but he would come back every Wednesday to answer questions. He has — and he was only stumped once.

That was when a heckler interrupted a reply on the

Christian view of marriage to ask "How can you talk about marriage when you're a bachelor?"

He admitted the man had a strong point but explained, he was doing his best to rectify the situation. He was getting married in two weeks.

The next week, the crowd presented him with a silver teapot full of pennies. Not long after, he founded a mission on Kingsway, on the dingy fringe of London's West End.

Youths who turned up armed with razors alarmed him for a while, but he soon had most of them turned into staunch church workers and his "church," sprawling and his "Kingsway Hall," is still in the area.

A Pacifist

A staunch pacifist, he opposed the Second World War with all the resources he could muster, but worked through-out the London blitz on day and night duty in hostels caring for the displaced and injured.

Since the war, he has carried his pacifist banner with renewed vigour. Last year he told a meeting: "I would rather see us overrun by the Russians than fight another war." Despite the uproar which followed, he has stuck to that viewpoint.

War with modern atomic weapons, he points out, would destroy our whole civilisation. Passive resistance to Communism, on the other hand, would still give us a chance.

But the Communists who turned up to his meetings after that statement had a rude awakening.

Next to war, he hates Communism most of all. "They came to pray and stayed to scoff," he chuckles, recalling the pews full of the party faithful.

What kind of answer does he think Christianity provides to the current dilemma?

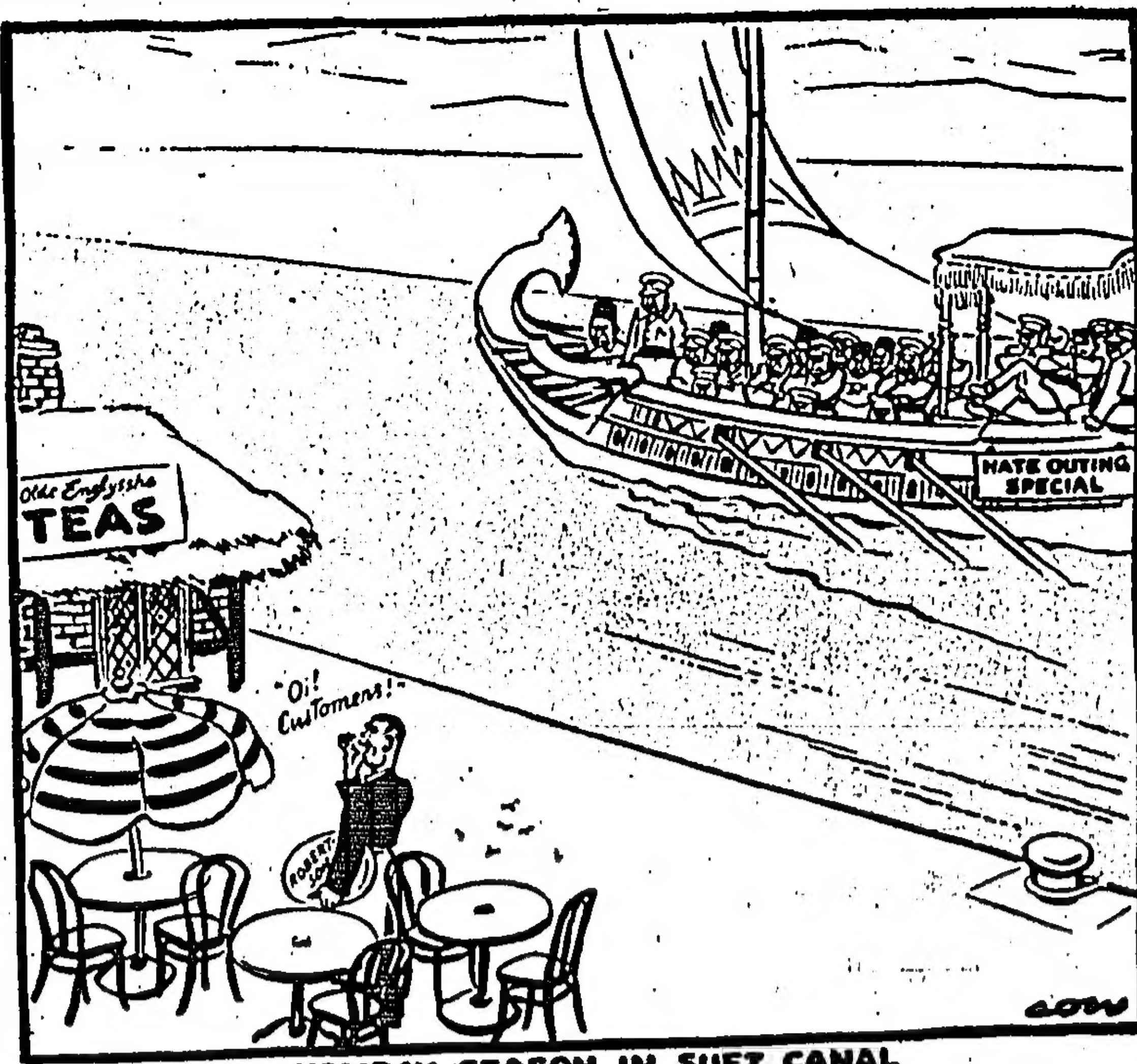
An ideal which will remain unchanged in a changing world, a return to a sense of the spiritual, a de-emphasis of worldly gain as the major pre-occupation, and, above all, an ingrained sense of justice tempered with love.

Not To Scoff

But Christianity, he insists, must stick to its own guns. "What kind of a showing do we make when we oppose violence and suppress it? Does it not look as though governments and not God are behind Christianity?"

Modern science and the questioning spirit, he thinks, present real difficulties for Christianity. The answer, however, is not to scoff at science and doubt, but to recognise their worth and make use of them.

Given the enlightened crusading spirit, he is convinced nothing can stop his Church and all Christians in the new revolution.



PEACE IS A PROBLEM

After the Korea come the arguments

By DEREK MARKS

FOR two men three letters in the Korean cease-fire agreement may bring political disaster or enduring fame. The men? Britain's Foreign Secretary Anthony Eden and U.S. Secretary of State John Foster Dulles. The letters? The seemingly trivial etc.—abbreviation for the Latin *et cetera*, meaning "and the rest."

Tucked away at the end of the 80th paragraph of the armistice agreement, it is laid down that a political conference shall be called to settle "the withdrawal of all foreign forces from Korea, the peaceful settlement of the Korean question etc." Now what does etc. cover?

The United Nations hope that it covers very little. But the Communists will insist that it is to allow discussions on the very issues on which Britain and the U.S. do not entirely agree.

Chief of these are the position of Chiang Kai-shek on Formosa and the admission of Red China to the United Nations.

Therefore the big issue is whether Mr Eden and Mr Dulles can agree on these matters. If they can, then the chances of a general Far East settlement are much, much brighter. If they cannot, then there is a big danger that Britain and the U.S. will be embroiled in bitter diplomatic wrangling. The three letters are as important as that.

NEW BATTLE STARTS

By HENRY LOWRIE

Washington. THE fighting is over—the fighting begins. Already the lines are being manned for the battle: Shall Red China join UNO?

CHEAPER PRICES OUTLOOK

By ALEXANDER THOMSON

TO Britain's 12,000,000 housewives peace in Korea brings the hope of cheaper prices in the shops.

For months most of the leading commodities in world markets have been tumbling on the view that the shooting war would soon be over. Now that it has really ended the effect of this fall should have a better chance of being seen in the price tags on the shopkeepers' counters.

But the men and women who buy for the big shops said that price changes will not be large. For wages are still going up—and they play a big part in fixing shopping prices.

For Britain as a whole there could be a substantial "peace bonus" in our overseas trading. Since January the prices of the raw materials we buy abroad have fallen by 1s. 3d. in the 2.

This, the experts reckon, could mean a saving for Britain of 2,300 million in overseas spending this year—if the prices we get for exports stay as they are. So the new peace could bring more rebates for Britain's 10,500,000 taxpayers.

Even if there is no let-up in defence spending, Chancellor Butler should have something in

hand to cut taxes again in the next Budget.

It all depends on how vigorously Britain's overseas salesmen do their job.

Recently their task has been getting tougher, as competition has increased. Now the ending of the war in Korea may give them fresh chances—at the vast market of China is reopened.

It will be months yet before the new pattern of world trading can be seen clearly. But there were hopes that Mr. Rosing Price is on the way out—and his cheerier rival, Mr. Falling Price, about to get a look in.

QUERY: WHAT OF JAPAN?

WILL the U.S. agree to lift the embargo on trade with Red China?

China is hungry for machine tools and transport equipment. She wants the ban lifted.

So do the major countries of Europe and Asia.

And now comes another question: What is Japan going to do if, short of revenue from the U.S. Army, she cannot export to the vast Chinese market? She is going to expand somehow and will try to force her way into British markets.

So far the State Department is not budging on its stand to restrict trade. Said a spokesman: "We are used to pressure."

AMERICA'S PACIFIC PROBLEMS

By PATRICK MAITLAND, M.P.

London. PRESIDENT Eisenhower has promised to supply South Korea with sufficient equipment for six divisions.

This promise lies at the heart of the bargain struck between President Rhee and the U.S. Government, a bargain upon which America is relying as the means of safeguarding the truce.

Already South Korea has an army of more than half a million, formed into 15 divisions with abundant American equipment. Such weapons, in any Asian army, constitute a formidable factor in the balance of power.

The promise of equipment for another six divisions, however, means that this extra material can be used to form a reserve, while those men now under arms can be regarded as a standing army.

The importance of President Eisenhower's promise lies in the fact that he has coupled with it the warning that all this equipment will be held if the truce is broken by South Korea.

McCARTHY WILL BE LICKED

Geoffrey Cox sums up his impressions of America's problem politician

JUST over 100 years ago, Abraham Lincoln wrote angrily to his friend Joshua Speed about the "Know Nothings," a political group led by the McCarthys of that day, who were campaigning against now immigrants.

"If the Know Nothing policy was accepted," he said, "I would prefer emigrating to some country where they make no pretence of loving liberty, to Russia, for instance, where despotism can be taken pure and without the base alloy of hypocrisy."

Yet within eight years the slaves had been emancipated, the civil war had been fought and won, and the basic ideals and purposes of the American Republic had been reaffirmed.

One in five

I believe the same course of events will mark the future of McCarthy and McCarthyism.

Violent as his influence is, it is facing a mounting counter-attack which I believe will not only be successful, but will leave America the stronger for the reaffirmation of its real principles.

For every American who thinks McCarthy is right—the Gallup Poll puts the figure at one in every five—another equally vehemently thinks he is wrong. This opposition does not capture the headlines in the way the Senator does, but it is a force of considerable power. It is headed by an influential section of the Press, and in particular by the Washington Post, the New York Times and the New York Post. It includes many leading columnists whose writing does a great deal to offset the pro-McCarthy line of the Hearst and McCormick papers.

On the radio

On the air Elmer Davis, still one of the most effective commentators in the country, has been unwavering in his antagonism to the Senator, and he has important allies in this fight among other top-line radio figures.

The Senator has, except on one occasion, refrained from turning his investigating committee loose on the Press—though he readily smears the Washington Post, whose politics are about those of the London Times, as "the Washington edition of the Daily Worker."

On the one occasion when McCarthy did "investigate" an editor when he summoned Joseph Wechsler, of the Washington Post—he got better than he gave.

Tied in knots

Wechsler was ostensibly called because one of his books, regarded by McCarthy as subversive, had been on the shelves of American libraries overseas.

Wechsler, who had been a Communist for a brief period in his youth, but who is now one of America's most outspoken left-centre critics of the Communists, got the Senator and his investigators tied into knots by proving that his books, nor even the Big Lie, has so far avoided any such issue.

Eisenhower is being held back by his own desire to avoid rows with Congress, and by his party managers, who urge him to

avoid a split with McCarthy until after the Congressional elections next year.

But it is doubtful if the President can go along with Senator McCarthy until 1954. For McCarthy is steadily exploiting the present situation to build up a dangerous back-stairs influence within the Administration, and in particular within the State department.

A leader

He has managed to get his own nominee appointed as Security Officer of the State Department, has demonstrated his power to get his own way in administrative matters by the purge of the books and by securing the removal of the official in Germany who stood up to his snooper, Cohn and Schine. The indirect effects of this can be far reaching.

Every official in the State Department now works with as it were McCarthy peering over his shoulder, aware that at any time he may be summoned before the Senator's Committee to account for any policies he may have advocated. This is unlikely, to say the least, to produce either bold planning or to encourage the recruitment of good men.

No Administration can allow such infiltration by any Congressman, much less by a Senator.

Time, moreover, is running against McCarthy. He has built his reputation on the cry that the American Government was full of secret Communists. This was a powerful slogan in an election year, when the Government belonged to the opposing party.

But now McCarthy's own Republicans are often, and every shout of "Communists in Government" is an attack on his own side.

The return of Adlai Stevenson, who has been out of the United States since the Presidential election, will also stiffen the anti-McCarthy forces. Until now these have lacked a leader of national stature. Stevenson is such a figure.

War passions

The chief blow to McCarthyism would be the conclusion of a truce in Korea—which no doubt explains the Senator's feverish praise for Rhee. He is not, politically, a big man in any way. He has no programme, no policy, no organized following.

He is a small, cruel figure, who looms large—only because he stands on the heap-up passions of the cold war and above all of the Korean war. Anything which cuts this ground from under his feet will reduce him to his true stature.

Meanwhile he is being steadily ringed around by forces which will sooner or later destroy him. And the greatest of all these forces is the one which, though slow to move, is very powerful—that basic instinctive decency of the mass of the American people to which President Franklin Roosevelt in his day appealed again and again on great issues like Lend-Lease and which never let him down.

In this struggle it will be decisive. In the battle against the Know Nothings of today I for one have no doubt where the victory will lie—with the inheritors of the Lincoln Tradition.

Why then does the President not come out against "Jumping Joe," the mad, sedate Republican term McCarthy?

The answer given by the President's friends is that he is biding his time—he believes that he must get the Senator on an issue in which McCarthy is seen, even by his own backers, to be entirely in the wrong.

And McCarthy, whose technique is now the half truth rather than the Big Lie, has so far avoided any such issue.

Eisenhower is being held back by his own desire to avoid rows with Congress, and by his party managers, who urge him to

on July 15, that if the U.S. wants the National Security Corps turned into an army, it can only be done on certain terms.

One is that the United States pays. The second is that there is no American control.

Indeed, the Japanese Government is now pledged not to disclose its defence plans to the United States—if, in loyalty to the Constitution, it has any such plans.

An interesting commentary on the present position is the wish of Japanese business under-takings to return to peacetime commerce—a desire apparent for the past year. For some time Japanese businessmen have felt that, once the Korean war ended, the arms boom would be deflated.

Between July and September last year no fewer than 42 textile mills in a single area sought authority to start arms-related production. But only two are engaged upon it now.

Throughout the country, factories prefer to resume normal peacetime production rather than make themselves available to the United States for repair and maintenance orders.

In fact, they have been saying, since negotiations began in Tokyo

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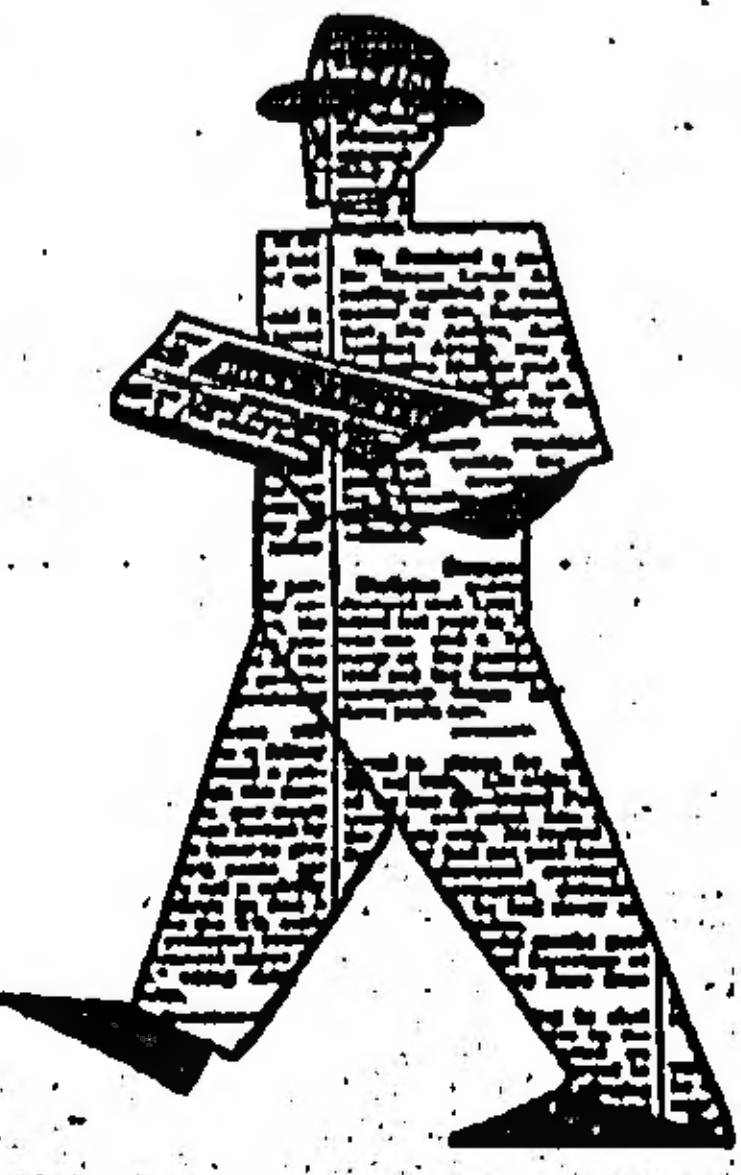
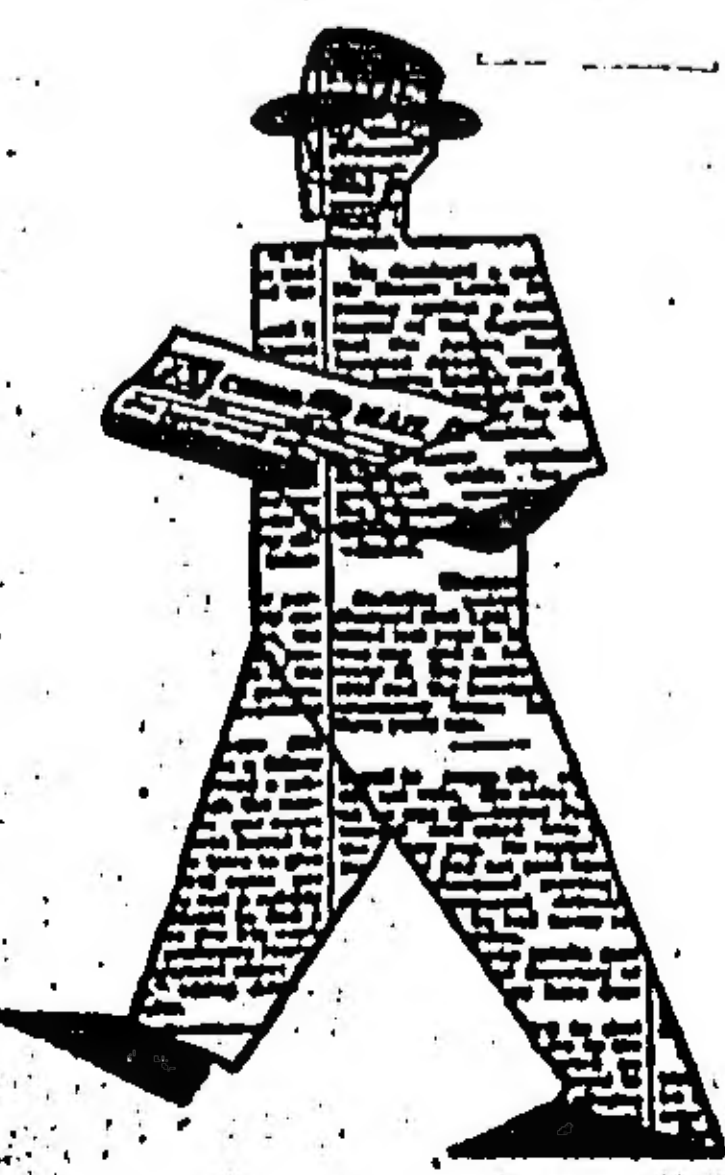
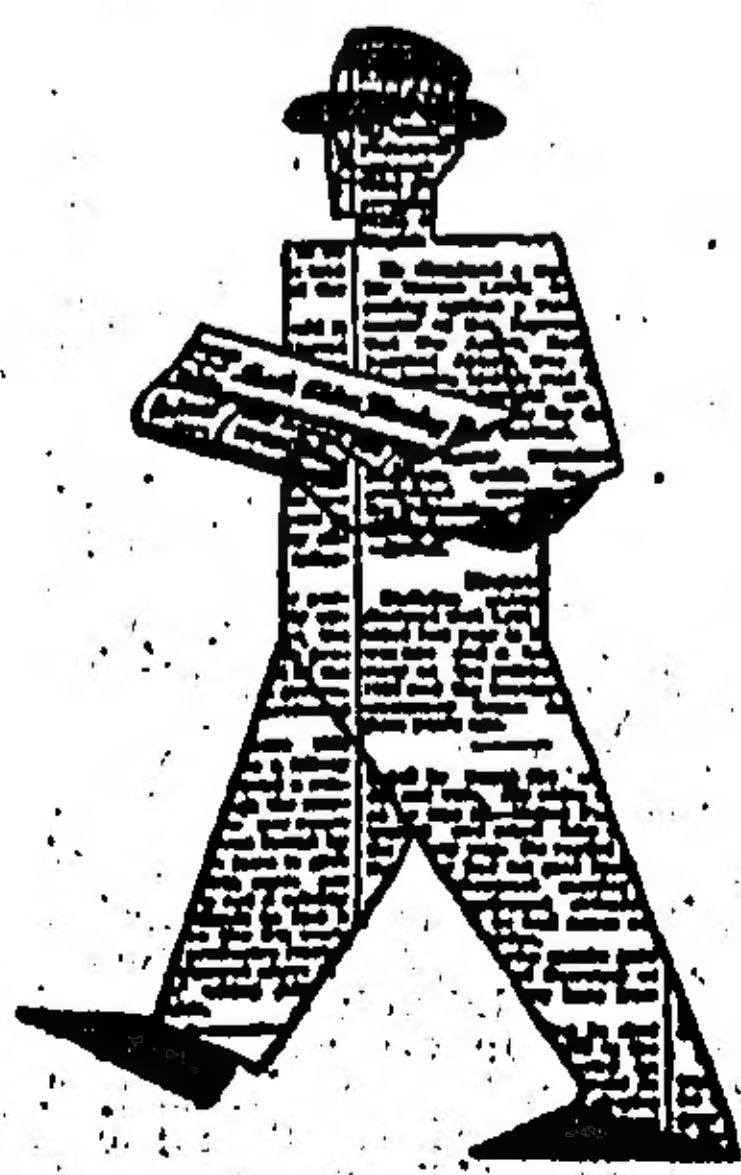
Telephone 71321

71322

THREE

SILENT

SALESMEN



Colonel UP and Mr. DOWN... by Walter



BY THE WAY

by Beachcomber

FROM Michigan comes a report that a "plastic sports car, 33 inches high, is being manufactured." It costs \$2,100. It seems to be the very thing for rich midgies.

Any policeman, finding a couple of these cars parked in the wrong place, will be able to pick them up under each arm, and carry them off, with the occupants inside. Or are they intended for dogs to use? Or to take small bell-hops about the big hotels? Who cares?

Sponsored debates in the Commons

If there are to be sponsored debates in the House of Commons

JACOBY ON BRIDGE

Impulsive Playing Is Very Dangerous

By OSWALD JACOBY

WHEN an opponent takes a losing finesse in your direction, don't be in too much of a hurry to win the trick. If the finesse is repeatable, you will get the trick later on. If you refuse it the first time, the important thing is to look ahead and make your decision before the play is actually executed. Today's hand shows one reason for this.

West opened the three of spades in response to his partner's light overcall. Dummy won with the king of spades, and declarer immediately finessed the queen of hearts. West had anticipated this play as soon as he had seen dummy's trump holding, so he was able to play a low heart very casually.

South should have cashed dummy's remaining top spade before proceeding, to be in position for a spade ruff, but the apparent success of the trump finesse had given de-

NORTH (D)	
AK	
QJ3	
K9882	
WEST	
Q53	
K84	
K972	
J105	
EAST	
109862	
A43	
A74	
SOUTH	
J74	
A10975	
Q105	
Q3	
North-South vul.	
North	East
1	2
3	4
Pass	Pass
Opening lead—4	

clarer the impression that at least one over-trick could be obtained. He therefore switched to clubs and was allowed to win the third trick with the queen of clubs.

Declarer next led his remaining club, and West was allowed to win the trick with the ten. West naturally returned another low spade, forcing out the side entry to the threatening club suit. Now declarer decided to repeat his trump finesse, but West was able to win with the king of hearts and return his last trump. This climaxed the ruffing power, so that declarer lost a spade trick.

Since South had a trump, two diamonds and was set one at an "uncontract."

South could have made the contract by playing the hand properly. The fact remains, however, that thousands of declarers all over the country make mistakes every time they play bridge. It is the duty of a good defender to give an erring declarer enough rope to hang himself.

CARD SENSE

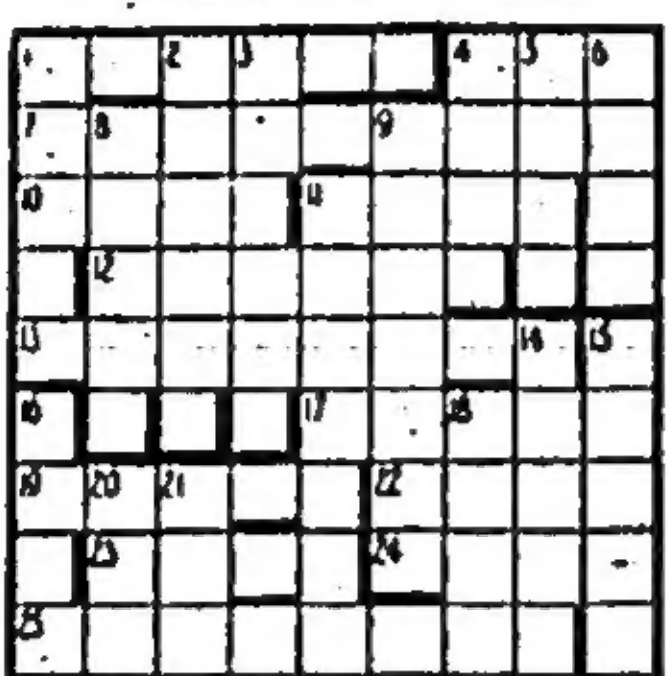
Q—The bidding has been: North East South West
1 Spade Pass 2 Dm. Pass
2 Spades Pass
You, South, hold: Spades none, Hearts K-7-4, Diamonds A-K-Q-10-7-5-3, Clubs K-Q-4. What do you do?

A—Bid five diamonds. This bid tells at diamonds even if your partner has a minimum opening bid. Obviously you cannot be far from a slam, and your partner should go on to a slam if he has additional strength in the form of aces.

TODAY'S QUESTION
The bidding is the same as in the question just answered. You, South, hold: Spade 8, Hearts 7-4, Diamonds A-Q-7-5-3, Clubs K-Q-9-6-2. What do you do?

Answer Tomorrow

CROSSWORD



Across
1. Victorian churchmen liked it long (10)
2. Old men in the Ark (3)
3. Cherry tea (4)
4. Campsite (4)
5. It's inside but unseen (4)
6. Rupture (anag.) (10)
7. Very fine (anag.) (10)
8. Faded away (5)
9. Look—no wires (4)
10. These rats for a dead (4)
11. A yarn weaver will stand out (4)
12. Gently does it (4)
13. P.O. mount (8)

Down
1. Wait took the lid off this (5)
2. Despatched again—with offense (10)
3. One type of impression (6)
4. There, a partner (4)
5. Sunk in court (4)
6. Setting for a proposal (4)
7. Quick, a drip (10)
8. One of two men, and three (7)
9. Landing formalities (7)
10. Fading scent (5)
11. Lawful command—or red (8)
12. Found in clue to 8 Down (4)
13. Job for architect, or general (4)
14. Everything seen in total (4)
15. Silver skin (11)

SOLUTION TO CHECK YESTERDAY'S PUZZLE

The spoilsport
It was his ninth wife who presented his twelfth marriage.
(Evening paper.)



"And there were three office collections this month. That took fifteen cents."

YOUR BIRTHDAY... By STELLA

TUESDAY, AUGUST 4

BORN today, your likes and dislikes are instantly formulated. You have a great capacity for love but an equal capacity for hate. Your emotional nature is strong and you will be happiest if you wed early in life and have a family of your own. Frustrated in this, it is likely that you will form emotional attachments for some upon whom you will lavish the loyalty and devotion which would otherwise go to members of your own family. You make the perfect aunt or uncle.

In youth, you may be a dreamer and build castles in the air. But as you grow older you will see the futility of such day-dreaming and you will reach the high success which you should be in more for you. You are a natural money-maker and will probably acquire a fortune.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 5
If emotional tensions are high, now is the time to use self-control. You're glad you did it.

THURSDAY (Aug. 24-Sept. 23)
To experiment today can be very expensive. Stick to your normal routine and work hard.

FRIDAY (Sept. 24-Oct. 23)
Don't let a minor annoyance upset your entire day. Shrug it off, smile, and go ahead!

SATURDAY (Oct. 24-Nov. 23)
Don't let a minor annoyance upset your entire day. Shrug it off, smile, and go ahead!

SUNDAY (Nov. 24-Dec. 23)
Don't let a minor annoyance upset your entire day. Shrug it off, smile, and go ahead!

MONDAY (Dec. 24-Jan. 23)
Don't let a minor annoyance upset your entire day. Shrug it off, smile, and go ahead!

TUESDAY (Jan. 24-Feb. 23)
Don't let a minor annoyance upset your entire day. Shrug it off, smile, and go ahead!

WEDNESDAY (Feb. 24-Mar. 23)
Don't let a minor annoyance upset your entire day. Shrug it off, smile, and go ahead!

THURSDAY (Mar. 24-Apr. 23)
Don't let a minor annoyance upset your entire day. Shrug it off, smile, and go ahead!

FRIDAY (Apr. 24-May 23)
Don't let a minor annoyance upset your entire day. Shrug it off, smile, and go ahead!

SATURDAY (May 24-Jun. 23)
Don't let a minor annoyance upset your entire day. Shrug it off, smile, and go ahead!

SUNDAY (Jun. 24-Jul. 23)
Don't let a minor annoyance upset your entire day. Shrug it off, smile, and go ahead!

ELEGANCE



This could be copied in less expensive material. It is simple, easy to wear, and useful with a slimming skirt and a suit jacket to match. The colour is a light navy splashed with white spots. The material a heavy, stiff silk. And the back, with a deep rounded line, is as pretty as the front.

KEEP IN TRIM

By IDA JEAN KAIN

The Case Of The Tenacious Pounds

Everybody loves to solve a mystery. Today's story is the baffling case of the tenacious pounds... and it's not so elementary.

Since few mysteries are unravelled without reconstructing the crime, let's do some flash-backs, as in a thriller, and ferret out what was happening at the time you started to pile on the pounds. That's a pertinent clue.

Of course, in the movies the cross-examiner points his finger and shouts, "What were you doing on the night of June 17?" We won't go back to the exact date, but it is imperative to connect the year the pounds first threatened with what was happening at the time.

Perhaps that was the year your husband changed jobs and moved clear across the country. Not knowing a soul and with nothing exciting to occupy your time, you were bored and turned to food. Studies have shown that boredom is a common cause of overeating. In a few months, without realising it, you may have gained 15 pounds.

Or did you turn to eating out of sheer loneliness when your daughter went off to college? Often it's possible to trace a weight gain to a period of loneliness, upset, or anxiety. Food then seems to give temporary comfort and a lift to morale. Looking back, you may see that after the problem was solved, the habit of overeating carried on. But the detective work really pays off when it alerts you to the fact that now you automatically turn to eating whenever you feel at odds with yourself or something goes awry. An elevated pattern of eating can soon become fixed habit... then the increased daily intake of calories fixes the pounds too.

You may feel there's no mystery to your excess poundage. You were a bit overweight shortly after you first married, but you decided it didn't matter since you intended to start a family anyway. But then you retained a dozen or so pounds after junior arrived. Modern doctors now stress the advisability of getting weight down to normal before starting a family. They also restrict weight gains during pregnancy to those who are supposed to know, but maybe they are just guessing.

CHOOSE A COMPLIMENTARY HAIR-DO

By HELEN FOLLETT

DO you know that bobbed hair was fashionable in Egypt twenty-three hundred years ago? It was believed that the fair ladies of that time were familiar with the permanent wave. Tresses

were rolled on wooden rollers, covered with clay and heat was applied. So we are told, by those who are supposed to know, but maybe they are just guessing.

When the uppy hair-do raged a few years ago many women still kept their locks short. There is much to be said in favour of the bob, especially during the heat of summer. It is a tremendous convenience; it is astonishingly becoming to young, middle-aged and elderly women; it saves a great deal of time in arrangement.

Frequent Treatment

Of course, if you have a permanent, there must be frequent treatments. Nature keeps pushing out the new, straight growth to the tune of five or six inches a year. Nothing can be done about that.

If the forehead hairline is becoming, the forehead not too high, the hair should be brushed away from the face because a graceful line on the forehead, temples and around the ears is a special mark of beauty. If the brow is low and broad a centre parting is usually becoming.

The back of the head and the neck are seldom considered by the average woman when planning a coiffure. A multitude of bad points can be disguised when the hair is longer and cleverly arranged, but with short hair the back of the neck should receive as careful treatment as the forelocks.

Short, Plump Neck

Sometimes it is best to curl the ends upward, especially when the neck is short and plump. The curled-under effect makes a long neck look shorter.

Not long ago a young man was asked, "What do you first notice about a girl when you meet her?" He answered, "Her hair. If it is frizzy that's all I want to know about her."

White Cleaner And Leather Care

Absolute fastness in a white cleaner could be accomplished only by the use of glue, gelatin or other binding materials. Such materials form a film which dries and holds the white pigment firmly to the leather, something like a coat of varnish. Since leather must bend and flex with use, this film would be cracked, the leather, too, for all its toughness, receives undue strain on the grain, and it too, cracks. Therefore a slight degree of rub-off in a white cleaner is really an assurance that the cleaner is not gumming up the leather.

Manufacturers are turning out good and reliable white cleaners which not only do their cleaning job, but actually leave a protective coating on the leather as a protection and lubrication.

Think About Prevention

If you become aware of the danger from sunstroke and think about preventing it, you won't have to worry about treating it. Excessive exposure to sun should be carefully avoided, and a person should increase his exposure time gradually, day by day.

Prompt attention is needed, however, once a case of sunstroke occurs. Ice water sprays, ice bags around the body, and even an ice water enema may be used to bring down the temperature from a dangerously high level.

While the person is recovering, he should have a physician to watch his heart carefully, as well as his general physical condition.

Party Cottons



By GRACE THORNCLEIFFE

PERT AND PRETTY summer cottons carry out the promise that cottons are sleeker and dressier than ever. This delightful frock is in beige, a popular colour just now, and has been designed with a thought for parties and dancing. A pretty detail lends charm to the skirt—a series of diagonal, tucked inserts of the same fabric but in a thinner texture. The circular skirt is gathered at the waist. The low and flattering neckline is notched, and there are crushed, short sleeves.

BOYS' AND GIRLS' MAGAZINE

Ever Catch the Wild Wynd?

—Grandfather Punch Tried Once, and Almost Did!

By MAX TRELL

"YOU know," Hanid, the shadow-girl with the turned-about name, was saying to her brother, Knarf, "Punch tells the most fascinating hunting stories and yet—and yet—"

"And yet what?" asked Knarf. "And yet I keep thinking all the time he's telling them that he's never really hunted anything in his whole life."

"I saw him hunting for a pin that fell on the carpet yesterday," Knarf said. "That isn't the same thing," said Hanid.

Not At All Surprised
Just then, Mr Punch, who was sitting in his easy chair on the other side of the room, beckoned to them to come over.

"I heard you saying something about my hunting," he remarked. "I'm not at all surprised that you don't quite believe the stories. To tell you the truth, I wouldn't have believed them myself if I had heard someone else telling them. It's just the way I felt when I first heard my Grandfather Punch telling me his hunting stories."

"Was he a hunter, too?" Hanid asked.

"Indeed he was! He was the most remarkable hunter I ever met. He caught every wild animal that anyone ever heard of—and a good many that no one has ever seen."

"There was only one wild animal that he never caught," Mr Punch added. "He tried to catch it again and again. It was one of the regrets of his life that he never succeeded."

What Was Its Name?

Knarf and Hanid were both eager to know the name of this wild animal that Grandfather Punch had never been able to catch.

"It was the Wild Wynd," said Mr Punch.

"Oh, isn't that the same as the wild wind?" Hanid interrupted. "Isn't it, Mr Punch?"

But Mr Punch didn't seem to hear her. He went right on. "The reason Grandfather Punch couldn't catch the Wild Wynd was because he couldn't even see it. He could hear it blowing by, so he knew it was around. But try as he would, he couldn't manage to grab hold of it."

"He would see the leaves of the tree shaking. He knew it was up in the tree. But when he climbed up the tree it was gone. He would notice it making the smoke from the chimney bend over. But when he got to the chimney it was gone. He would notice it making ripples on the pond. But when he reached over the bank to seize it, he fell into the pond."

Set a Trap
"Then one day he made up his mind to set a trap for it. He left a big open paper bag in the



"Was he a hunter, too?" Hanid asked Mr. Punch.

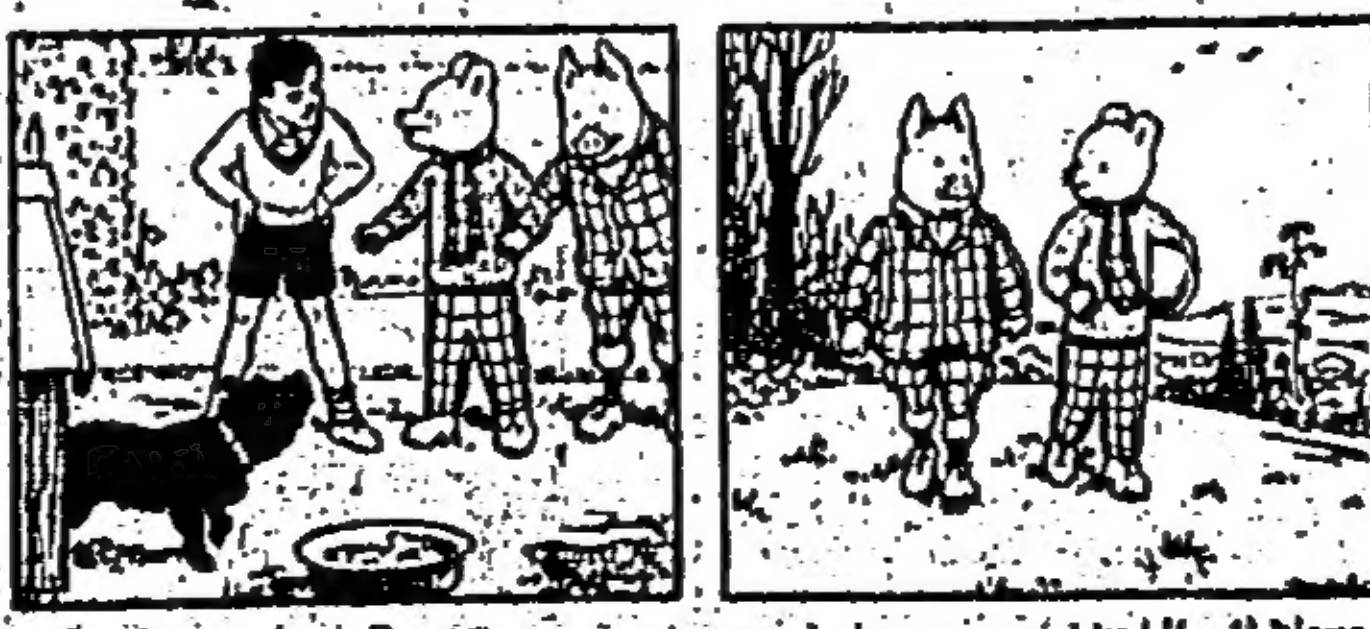
middle of the garden. He could tell the Wild Wynd was blowing in it because he could see the bag fill up. Suddenly he pounced on the bag and pressed the top together. He was sure now that he had caught it at last."

"And hadn't he?" Knarf wanted to know.

Mr Punch shook his head sadly. "When Grandfather Punch reached the house he decided to get the Wild Wynd out of the bag. So he clapped the bag together with both hands while holding the top shut and—boom!—out it went like a shot. Poor Grandfather Punch! He never tried to catch the Wild Wynd again."

"But he was a wonderful hunter. I hope some day I can be as wonderful a hunter as my old Grandfather Punch. Even though," he added with a wink, "I'd never be so foolish as to try to catch the Wild Wynd in a paper bag!"

Rupert and the Bad Dog—41



Hearing voices Peter comes to see what is happening and at length Jack is persuaded to leave his kennel and sniff the good things in his bowl. "He can't make you out!" says Peter. "And he can't understand how he has changed from a bad dog into a good dog so quickly!" "Never mind, he'll enjoy that bone," Rupert smiles. "And now, goodbye. My Mummy will be wondering where I am." "And I'll see you home," says Paddy. So they make for Mrs. Bear's cottage, very pleased with their work.

Another new "Adventure"

RUPERT and the DOUBLE DREAM \$1.

Henricks To Swim At VRC On Saturday

The following are the events arranged for the forthcoming Gala to be held at the Victoria Recreation Club on August 9 commencing at 6 p.m.

The arrival of Jon Henricks, the Australian swimming star, will coincide with the date of the Gala, and he has accepted the invitation from the IKAASA to attend, as well as to give an exhibition of Free Style and Back-stroke swimming.

List of Events and Competitors

Men's 400 yards free-style: Wong Long-lai (Fortuna), Lam Kam-sing (Hoi Tin), Tang Yuk-ning (Wing Sing), Lau Kam-bor (Ging Wing), Wan Shu-ning (South China).

Women's 100 yards back-stroke: Fung Ying-chee (Lai Tai), Chan Shing-yee (Fortuna), Fung Yuen (E.Y.M.C.A.), Kan Yin-hing (Chung Sing), Joan Eager (V.R.C.).

100 yards free-style exhibition race: Jon Henricks (Australia), Cheung Kien-shun (Fortuna), F. X. Monette (V.R.C.).

Men's 100 yards butterfly-stroke: Pong Chi-wai (South China), Tong Cheung-sing (Chung Sing), Cheung Chiu-wah (Chinese Civil Servants), Lau Taling (White Shark), Ng Nin (Fortuna).

Women's 100 yards breast-stroke: Kwok Kam-ting (Lai Tai), Wong Yuk-bing (Fortuna), Lam Hang-tung (Hoi Tin), Ng Yau-chiew (South China), Sook Yuen (Chinese Civil Servants).

Diving exhibitions: (Divers to be selected by the Diving Committee).

Women's 100 yards free-style: Cynthia Easer (V.R.C.), V. Giles (E.Y.M.C.A.), Chan Ching-nai (Fortuna), Kwok Nin-hung (Lai Tai), Kan Yin-hing (Chung Sing).

100 yards back-stroke exhibition: Jon Henricks (Australia) versus back-stroke swimmers of Hongkong each swimming 50 yards.

Men's 100 yards breast-stroke: Tsang Li-wan (Lai Tai), Lau Louie-wang (Chung Sing), Poon Kien-kuen (Chung Sing), S. E. de Carvalho (Fortuna), So Chi-lai (South China).

Women's 50 yards butterfly-stroke: The following clubs are requested to send in the names of their swimmers for selection, on or before Wednesday, August 5, 1953, to Mr. Law On-tung, c/o V.R.C., The Clubhouse, 7, Canton Road, Fortuna, Chung Sing. E.Y.M.C.A., Chung Sing, South China, C.C. Servants, Hoi Tin.

Water-polo: (Senior League Game or selected teams by Mr. C. K. Woo).

The following clubs have been invited to send in the names of their back-stroke representatives, who have been requested to be at the V.R.C. pool on Friday, August 7, at 5 p.m. for the purpose of trials to select the swimmers who will race against Jon Henricks in the back-stroke exhibition.

Fortuna, Army, Lai Tai, White Sharks, Chinese Civil Servants, V.R.C. and South China.



RICKETY KATE her eyes and mouth glow when the bowlers score.

THE WICKETS FALL at MIDNIGHT

A doll lights up and a million Australians cheer

By PETER DUFFIELD

comes at 1.5 in the morning, and even when the last over is bowled at 3.30 a.m. cricket-happy Australians cannot climb into bed. For there is a short commentary to round off the night's listening.

These ball-by-ball commentaries arrive by short-wave radio. But sometimes atmosphere conditions ruin reception. So the AUC and the commercial stations joining them in a pooled programme resort to a synthetic service.

STORY BY CODE

Descriptions broadcast are based on cables from the ground—and sound effects are added. Listeners hear the crowd noises (on a record). They also hear the ball striking the bat—usually simulated by striking a match-box with a pencil. The cables on which the descriptions are built arrive in about 20 seconds after despatch from the ground.

The code is intricate. It might read: Lindvall A418 117 Y05 T10 M2 13. Decoded, this means that Lindvall is to bowl, that his field consists of three slips, Miller, Hole and Benard, two leg-slips Davidson and Hill, that Morris is in the gully, Harvey at cover and Hassett at mid-on.

THE DOGS REFUSED

If you twist the dial to a commercial station outside the "pool" you will hear experts commenting on the scores—and probably Harold Larwood, now an Australian migrant, interpreting the game as it proceeds. These broadcasts are paid for by such sponsors as insurance companies, retail stores, tobacco firms and producers of patent medicines.

All this is cricket straight. But there is cricket with deviations—especially in captain Lindsay Hassett's home state of Victoria. Here two stations combine cricket with fun-and-games. At one Melbourne commercial station, spin-bowler Ian Johnson is in charge of the cricket commentary. Supporting him are a



Midday in Britain—9 p.m. in Australia. Hutton is out. The doll lights up... and the studio audience goes berserk.

company of 20 variety artists, bandmen and comedians.

But the pioneer of this type of cricket—variety broadcast—was another commercial station owned by the Melbourne newspaper group. They began the idea back in 1932—and asked listeners whether they wanted it. The listeners did.

So now, every night of Test cricket, the station turns the occasion into a gala. There is a studio audience and a doll known as Rickety Kate which lights up every time a wicket, Australian or English, falls. There are catch songs, community singing and jokes. And there are competitions, with £25 a night in prizes.

During the Trent Bridge game £5 was offered over the air to the first milkman to arrive in

the studio. Another night £5 was offered the first person to arrive with a motor horn in the key of F.

During the Lord's match a reward was put up for the first listener to take a barking dog to the studio. The studio was soon full of dogs. But none of them would bark.

This combination of cricket and variety has its critics. But sponsors are willing to pay the station £2,000 for a series of half-hours—with advertisements. And the programmes have such

a high listening interest among women that a firm of nylon manufacturers have become one of the sponsors.

But whether they listen to this cricketing fun or take their commentaries straight, listeners from Sir William Slim, the Governor-General, in Canberra, to soldiers stationed in lonely outposts on the Dutch New Guinea frontier have one aim to hear what is happening to the teams.

This early morning listening gives them excitement. But it also produces miss insomnia. (London Express Service)

TERENCE FEELY Examines The Credentials Of The Turf

Will My Bob-Each-Way Get A Square Deal?

The melodramatic goings-on in the racing world at Bath and elsewhere have triggered off a fine old clattering and whinneying in the stables and in the minds of punters.

Those diabolical "twins," Francasal and Santa Amaro, have done more than saddle Scotland Yard with a classic headache. They have carved an outside question mark in the minds of thousands.

The poor punter has, of course, heard occasional tales from the knowing of races "fixed," form faked, and horses substituted. He wonders, shrugs, forgets.

But Francasal and Santa Amaro have clattered bang into every punter's front room this time with facts round their necks.

It would appear that one horse can be substituted for another without anyone knowing. For it is obvious that if the bookmakers' private dog to the course had not been cut, not a soul would have been any the wiser about the happenings at Bath.

WHAT PRICE THE SMALL PUNTER?

This is not only my view. It is that of the bookmakers as well. As one leading London bookmaker told me: "If these people hadn't been so stupid about the other parts of their plan, I doubt if the 'ringing' would ever have been discovered."

I find myself wondering just how often this sleight-of-horse is performed by some smooth magician of the Turf without anyone knowing.

I am concerned to know just how much of a chance the average bettor really have.

Stories like those we read recently—and have read before—leave me with the suspicion that the small punters are, in more cases than we hear about, little innocents, never really in the picture except for the hundreds of millions of pounds worth of wagger-fodder they contribute each year.

For reassurance, I turned to the Jockey Club. What did I find? The current revelations have caused much swishing of whips and frisking of tails within that august establishment. What else?

VERY LITTLE GOES ON

"Very little of this sort of dishonesty goes on," I was told. "How do you know?"

"Because of the very few cases that are discovered."

Well, well... I suppose, then, that because I see very few worms above my lawn I am to take it that there are none underneath?

"What we do not know about has no existence"—that, in effect, would seem to be the philosophy. I would point out that but for the clue of the cut line—for which the detective system of the Jockey Club can take no credit—they would not have known about Francasal.

I admit readily that when malpractice is detected, the Club comes down hard—as evidenced by the admirable way they smashed the doping gangs.

But these officials, above all people, should know the old proverb about bailing the stable after the horse has flown. The punters in Britain are interested to know just how good are the steps taken to prevent race-fixing on the course. What confidence can we have in the safeguards?

Such safeguards are based on the registration of racehorses, according to dimensions, markings and peculiarities, on a form which is lodged with Weatherby's. The idea is that the horse can at any time be checked against these recorded particulars.

MISTAKE LASTED A SEASON

That, I say, is the idea. What happens in fact is a horse of a different colour. For the truth is that the precautions are nowhere near as rigorous as the punitive methods used once skull-duggery has been detected. They are not even efficient enough to prevent honest and accidental mistakes, much less deliberate frauds.

At the end of the 1950 flat season, it was discovered that a trainer of repute had accidentally run one horse under the guise of another throughout the whole of the season. A year later a very respectable owner-trainer bought two horses, innocently got their identities confused and ran one in the name of the other.

These cases in themselves are a startling revelation of loopholes in the present system.

More damning is the obvious difficulty which the prosecution experience in "ringing" cases in establishing evidence that any substitution has in fact taken place. In a fraud case in 1951, the trial dragged on for more than a week before the identity of the horses in question could be decided.

What sort of a system, I ask, is this?

The Jockey Club must know that two systems used in America have combined to eliminate completely substitution in that country.

One is a form of painless indelible tattooing. The other is the recording of the animal's "chestnut" growths on its legs, which are as distinctive as human fingerprints. Both systems make it possible to establish identity immediately and without any doubt.

The Club has adopted neither. Why? "Because," I was told, "no system can be called fool-proof. Someone will always find a way round."

BOOKIES TOLD IT'S A BOY!

I am only glad that the banks do not adopt the same "counsel

of despair—otherwise our money would still be kept in sacks instead of safes.

Dishonest coups are not new—they are as old as racing. The Derby of 1844 was won by a horse with false credentials.

Telephone wires have been cut before today, and in the days when telegraphing was the method of communication between bookmaker and course ingenious gentlemen have found methods of blocking the wires.

One gang did it by sending hundreds of spurious telegrams to the course. Jockeys, bookies, trainers were surprised to receive messages reading "It's a boy, both, doing well," or "Harry sailing Friday," or (unkindest cut of all) "Happy returns of the day."

Another group blocked the wire by sending several chapters of a book by telegram. I should have thought the accumulated experience of the years would have given the racing authorities some bright ideas about counter measures.

RIGHT OF THE PUNTER

I suggest that those who supervise the racing system in Britain are resting too snugly on the basic corruption of fallen human nature. "If a man is going to be dishonest," they say, "he will find a way to be so whatever safeguards are there to defeat him."

But it is their duty to all who follow racing to make safeguards so impenetrable that if a man wants to be dishonest, he must bend over backwards to be so.

The National Greyhound Club tell me they have devised an identification method so thorough that the incidence of greyhound ringing is "nil."

It should not be beyond the wit of those who preside over horse racing to do the same.

The punters who last year invested £270,000,000 on horses have a right to be quite sure that the sport they nourish is without the slightest blemish.

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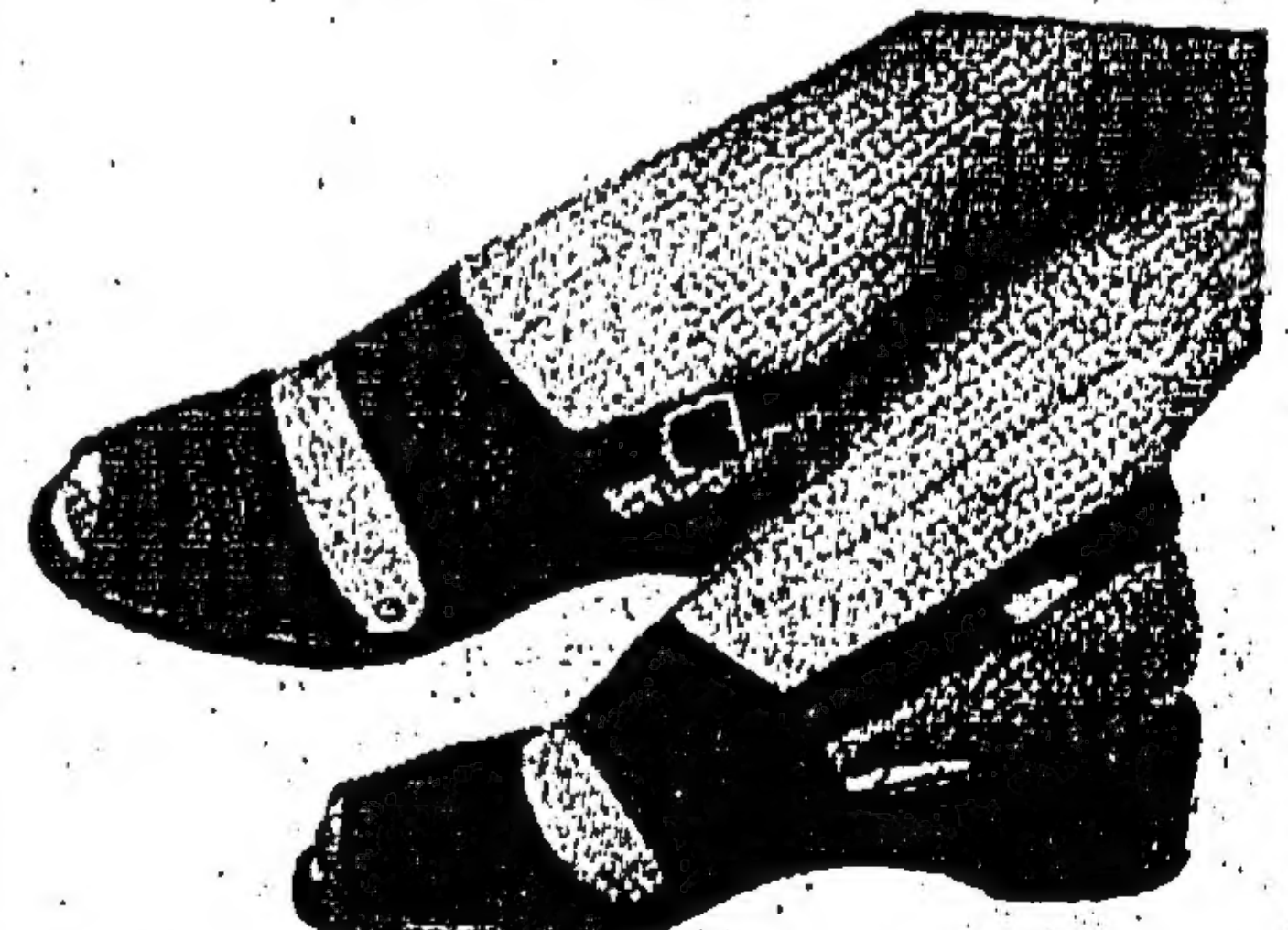
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Not Too High A Standard At Malayan State Athletic Championships

By "RECORDER"

Four Malayan State Amateur Athletic Associations held their annual Championships over the week-end of July 24-25-26, but, unlike what happened at last year's State Championships, there was no wealth of outstanding performances.

The Fijian Regiment competed this year in the Johore AAA Championships, having moved to a station in that State after having spent the previous year in Negri Sembilan. But even the Fijians were not quite up to their standard of last year.

T. Naidole, Malayan AAA Champion in the 100, 200 and 400 Yards Hurdles, won the 100 Yards Hurdles in 15.5 seconds. Both have done 15.2, the former in winning the Malayan title last year and the latter in winning the Regimental title earlier this season.

J. Kobili beat T. Naidole in the 120 Yards Hurdles in 15.5 seconds. Both have done 15.2, the former in winning the Malayan title last year and the latter in winning the Regimental title earlier this season.

L/Cpl. Caudre, another Fijian, won the 440 Yards Flat in 53.0 seconds and the 440 Yards Hurdles in 60 seconds dead. L/Cpl. Oris Dawal won the two sprints, in 10.1 and 23.0 seconds and the High Jump, at a modest 5 feet 7 inches. Pto. Dale, also a Fijian, won the Javelin Throw at 103 feet and Cpl. T. Lewaku won the Shot Put at 39 feet 5 1/2 inches and the Discus Throw.

Chew Hai-yuen, formerly of Singapore, won the Pole Vault at 10 feet 5 inches. Of the very few victories by home athletes, the best was Ungku Ibrahim's Long Jump victory at 20 feet 8 inches. All four State Long Jump titles were won at better than 20.0, but short of 21 feet.

BIGGEST UPSET

The biggest upset of the week-end was at the Selangor AAA Championships at Kuala Lumpur—where the Malayan AAA Championships will be held on August 14 and 15. There Michael Parry beat the Malayan Champion, Cletus Gomez, in the 440 Yards in 52.2 seconds, scoring a two-yard victory.

K. Laxman of Klang showed further improvement in the 440 Yards Hurdles with 58 seconds, also going the 120 Yard High Hurdles route in 16 seconds, while another athlete from Klang, A. Visvanathan, won the Mile in 43.1.

Lee Weng-soon set a State record in the 100, 200 and 400 Yards Hurdles, as well as taking the 80 Metres Hurdles in 14.2 seconds. Annie Choong won the Long Jump at 16.54. In the Swifts' meeting in Singapore, Eleanor Ross won the 100 in 12.1 seconds.

Ruth Ferreira could not go higher than 4.6 in the High Jump, which was the highest of the week-end in Malaya, though Ong Soon-kheng cleared the same at Johore. Leong Wai-cheng did 4.5 1/2 at Ipoh.

For the first time in Malayan athletic history, the Women's Shot Put, Discus and Javelin Throws appeared on all State programmes, but the winning throws in all three events in all states were not up to Hongkong standards. Best mark in the Shot was 26 feet 1 1/2 inches by Yip Ngan-kiew at Ipoh. At the Swifts' meeting, Violet Ho threw the Discus 71 feet 5 1/2 inches.

BETTER IN SINGAPORE

The high standard shown in the Singapore AAA Championships the previous week was maintained in two meetings held in Singapore over the July 25-26 week-end.

At the Services Championships, Sgt. J. D. Martin won the Half Mile and Mile in 2:02.2 and 4:40.0. Lt. Mutch won the High Jump at 6 feet and ST Cunningham won the Hammer Throw at 129 feet 0 1/2 inches. CSMS Sid Coleman, who had set a new Malayan record in the Discus the previous week, came reasonably near with a best for the day of 125.34.

At the Swifts Athletic Association Sports, Tan Eng-yoon annexed a good sprint double in 10.2 and 23.1 seconds and won the 100, 200 and 400 Yards.

Schoolboy Chan Onn - leung continued to stay away from the 440 Yards Hurdles—though he is entered in the event in the Malayan Championships—and won the 440 Flat in 53.0. An outstanding performance was that of Tan Kok-ann, who won the Junior 440 in 54.6 seconds.

Rene Ballerand, formerly of Shanghai and Hongkong, won the Discus Throw at 131 feet 2 1/2 inches, just short of Coleman's recent Malayan record.

THE GIRLS

Malaya's very promising array of feminine athletes did not quite live up to promise. Fay Siebel looked the best with a

7-0 Victory For American Women

New York, Aug. 3.

The United States women's lawn tennis team beat Britain in all seven matches of the Wightman Cup here to win the trophy for the 17th successive time.

The powerful American team followed up their victory in Saturday's three matches by taking today's four—three Singles and a Double.

Maureen Connolly, holder of all the world's major singles titles, defeated Helen Fletcher, the British left-hander, 6-1, 3-1 in 22 minutes. In the other matches, Shirley Fry defeated Mrs. Jean Rinkel, 6-2, 6-4. Doris Hart beat Angela Mortimer 6-1, 6-1 and Miss Hart and Miss Fry beat Miss Fletcher and Mrs. Rinkel 6-2, 6-1—Router.

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"SZECHUEN"	Singapore, Penang & Belawan	10 a.m.	10th Aug.
"FOOCHOW"	Djakarta, Semarang, Sourabaya & Macassar	8 a.m.	12th Aug.
"PAKHIO"	Yokohama, Nagoya, Osaka & Kobe	10 a.m.	12th Aug.
"SHENKING"	Keelung	5 p.m.	12th Aug.
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"HUNAN"	Tientsin	12/13th Aug.	
"FUJEN"	Singapore	10th Aug.	
"FOYANG"	Kobe	21st Aug.	

A.O. LINE LTD./C.N. CO., LTD., JOINT SERVICE			
SAILINGS TO			
"CHANGSHA"	Sydney & Melbourne	12th Aug.	
"TAIYUAN"	Japan	18th Aug.	
"TAIPING"	Japan	18th Aug.	
ARRIVALS FROM			
"TAIYUAN"	Australia & Manila	14th Aug.	
"TAIPING"	Australia & Manila	15th Aug.	
"SHANSHI"	Australia, Nauru, Ocean Is. & Manila	30th Aug.	

BLUE FUNNEL LINE			
Scheduled Sailings to Europe via Aden & Port Said			
Sails			
"PATROCUS"	Marseilles, Liverpool & Glasgow	5th Aug.	6th Aug.
"CYCLOPS"	Liverpool & Glasgow	13th Aug.	14th Aug.
"AUTOLYCUS"	Liverpool & Dublin	23rd Aug.	24th Aug.
"LAOMEDON"	Genoa, London, Rotterdam, Amsterdam & Hamburg	24th Aug.	25th Aug.
"PERSEUS"	Marseilles, Liverpool & Glasgow	5th Sept.	6th Sept.
Scheduled Sailings from Europe			
Sails			
S. "LAOMEDON"	Liverpool	Rotterdam	Hong Kong
G. "PERSEUS"	Sailed	—	8th Aug.
G. "CYCLOPS"	do	Sailed	13th Aug.
G. "AUTOLYCUS"	do	—	23rd Aug.
G. "ASTYANAX"	do	—	29th Aug.
G. "AENEAS"	1st Aug.	—	6th Sept.
G. "PYRRHUS"	7th Aug.	13th Aug.	13th Sept.
G. "ASCANIUS"	18th Aug.	—	22nd Sept.
G. "AGAPENOR"	24th Aug.	—	28th Sept.

ARRIVING FROM U.S. ATLANTIC & PACIFIC COAST PORTS			
Sails N.Y. Sails S.F. Arr. H.K.			
"AGAMEMNON"	Sailed	Sailed	4th Aug. 11/12
"DONA AURORA"	do	do	17th Aug.
"DONA ALICIA"	do	do	20th Aug.
"BATAAN"	do	do	16th Sept.
"TELEMACHUS"	26th Aug.	17th Sept.	16th Oct.
SAILING for NEW YORK via SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES & CRISTOBAL			
Sails			
"AJAX"	3rd Aug. A1	4th Aug. A1	
"HAINAN"	19th Aug.	20th Aug.	

Cathay Pacific Airways Ltd.			
Routes			
Departs Hongkong			
HK/Bangkok/Singapore (DC-4)	7.00 a.m. Tue. Fri.	7.15 a.m. Wed. Sat.	
HK/Manila/B.N. Borneo (DC-4)	8.45 a.m. Tue. Fri.	8.45 a.m. Wed. Sat.	
HK/Singapore (DC-4)	11.30 a.m. Wed. Fri.	11.30 a.m. Thu. Sat.	
HK/Hanoi/Haiphong (DC-3)	11.30 a.m. Wed. Fri.	11.30 a.m. Thu. Sat.	
HK/Bangkok/Hongkong/Canton	(DC-4) 12.00 noon Sat.	6.00 p.m. Sun.	

I CONNAUGHT RD. C. Tel. 30331/8			
BRANCH OFFICE: 50, Connaught Rd. West, 25875, 32144, 24878			

Adenauer Backers Confident Of Election Triumph

Bonn, Aug. 3.
The supporters of West Germany's Christian Democratic Chancellor, Dr. Konrad Adenauer, are fairly confident that he will emerge from next month's general election strong enough to form a new government. Dr. Adenauer, who has been in power for four years, has proved to be the strongest supporter of the United States foreign policy in Europe.

Even his Social Democratic opponents admit that Dr. Adenauer will probably bring it off on September 6. They do not expect more than a slight variation of the present party strengths in the new Bundestag (Lower House).

At 77 and in spite of four exhausting years of government, Dr. Adenauer is still in the best health and those who work with him say there appears to be no physical reason why the tough old Rhinelander should not continue for another four years.

Nevertheless, the Christian Democrats have been shaken by the failure of their Italian friend, Signor Alcide De Gasperi, to stay in the saddle in Rome. Dr. Adenauer is the last of the Christian Democratic trinity, which, with France's later Foreign Minister, Robert Schuman, laid the

foundations of a united Europe in close alliance with Washington, to survive in the turmoil of home politics. Dr. Adenauer's supporters insist that whatever may be happening in other European countries, the European idea is not wanting in West Germany. They see it as the only way in which Germany, at present on the western part, can regain its rightful place in the world and they also see it as the best thing for Europe. But the Christian Democrats and their other right-wing allies are aware that even the first steps towards uniting Europe would probably never have been made unless what they call the "Russian menace" had driven the West to it. Russia, they fear, can still seriously upset their plans by making a generous gesture of conciliation with the Western world before the German election. China Mail Special.

CHINA MAIL

HONGKONG PUBLISHED DAILY (AFTERNOON)
Price, 20 cents per copy. Saturdays 30 cents. Subscription \$6.00 per month. Postage: China and Macao \$3.00 per month. U.K. British Possessions and other countries \$7.00 per month. News contributions, always welcome, should be addressed to the Editor, business communications and advertisements to the Secretary. Telephone: 2811 (5 Lines).
KOWLOON OFFICE: Salisbury Road, Kowloon. Telephone: 2811.

Classified Advertisements
20 WORDS \$4.00 for 1 DAY PREPAID
ADDITIONAL INSERTIONS \$1.50 PER DAY
10 cents PER WORD OVER 20
Births, Deaths, Marriages, Personal \$5.00 per insertion not exceeding 25 words, 25 cents each additional word.
ALTERNATE INSERTIONS
10% EXTRA
If not prepaid a booking fee of 50 cents is charged.

POSITIONS VACANT

EFFICIENT STENOGRAPHER wanted by World Council of Churches, 37 Granville Road, Tel. 2840.

WANTED KNOWN

BETEN Beauty Salons. For L'Oreal's permanent and tint. Rejuvenating facial and hair cuts. Also for sale attractive, special discount to wives of Servicemen, other ranks. Peninsula Hotel, Kowloon.

FOR SALE

THE "POST" TYPHOON MAP incorporating amendments to the Local and Non-Local Storm Signal Code. Mounted \$2.00. Unmounted \$1.00. Obtainable from "S. C. M. Post."

TYPHOON TABLES giving bearing, distance and time-distance for typhoons likely to affect Hong Kong. Useful adjunct to the "Post" Typhoon Map. Price \$2.00 mounted from China Post Morning Post Ltd., Hong Kong and Kowloon.

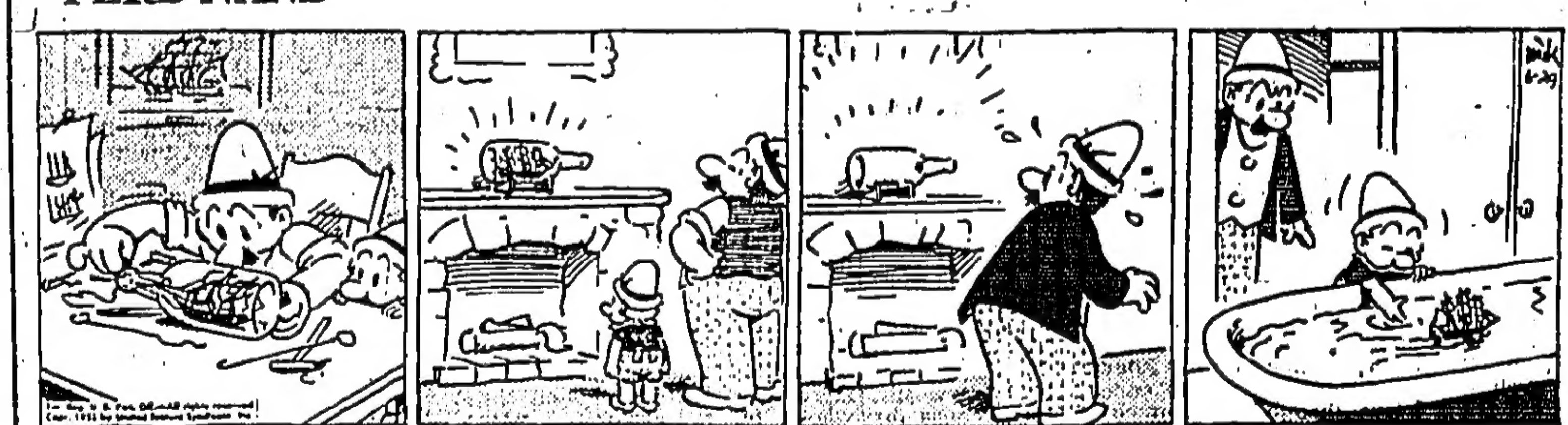
VE OLDF MILL A distinctive hand-made stationery. In boxes, 50 sheets notepaper, 50 envelopes. Post \$5.00 by air, \$3.00 by air. D.K. \$1.50 per box from "S. C. M. Post."

MANDRAKE THE MAGICIAN



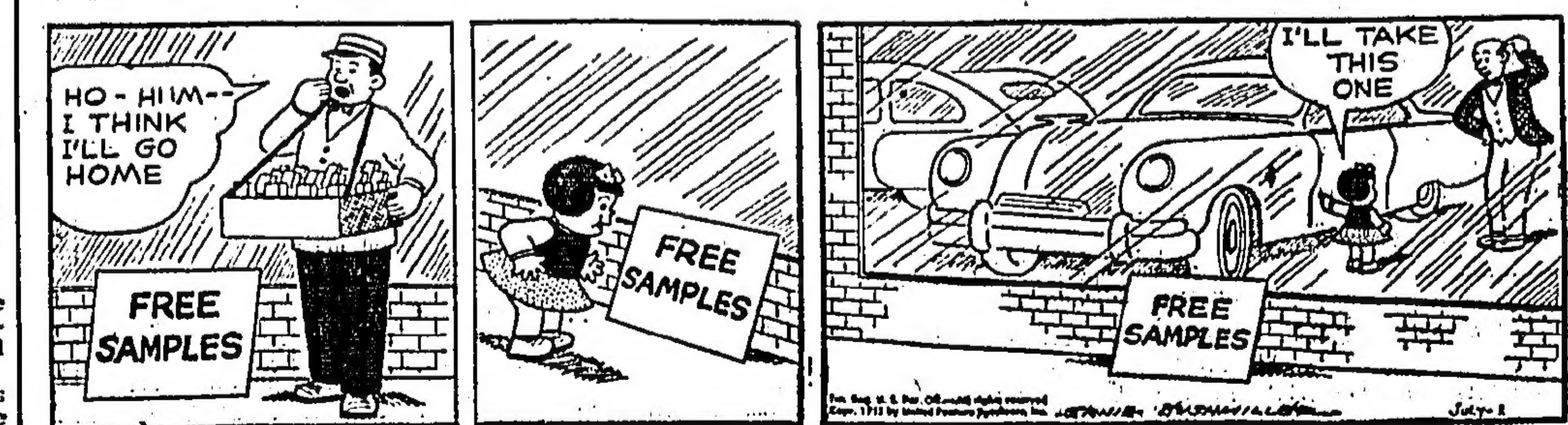
FERD'NAND

Nothing's Safe!



NANCY

Well, How About It?



JOHNNY HAZARD



NOTICE

THE DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED Notice to Shareholders

NOTICE is hereby given that the Ordinary Yearly Meeting of Shareholders will be held in the Registered Office of the Company, 6th floor, P. & O. Building, Hongkong, on Friday, 21st August, 1953, at 12 noon, for the following purposes:

1. To receive and consider the Statement of Accounts and Balance Sheet and the Report of the General Managers and Auditors thereon.
2. To declare a dividend.
3. To elect Members of the Consulting Committee.
4. To appoint Auditors and fix their remuneration.
5. To transact any other ordinary business of the Company.

NOTICE is also hereby given that the Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from 12th August 1953 to 21st August 1953, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Members of the Consulting Committee
DOUGLAS LAIRRAK & CO.
General Managers,
Hongkong, 1st August, 1953.

NOTICE

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF HONG KONG PROBATE JURISDICTION

IN THE GOODS OF DENIS HENRY BLAKE late of 5 Cambridge Terrace, Cambridge Road, Gloucester, formerly of No. 2 Queen's Road Central, Victoria in the Colony of Hong Kong deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Court has by virtue of Section 85 of the Probate and Administration Ordinance Cap. 10 made an order limiting the time for creditors and others to send in their claims against the above estate to the 24th day of August, 1953.

All creditors and others are accordingly required to send in their claims to the undersigned on or before that date.

Dated the 27th day of July, 1953.
WILKINSON AND ORIST
Solicitors for the Executors of the Estate of the above named deceased.
No. 2 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

CHE DES MESSEAGERIES MARITIMES Consignees per Company's m.v. "LA MARSEILLAISE"

are hereby notified that their cargo is being discharged into the Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown, where it will be at Consignees' risk and subject to the Wharf's terms and conditions of receipt and where delivery may be obtained as soon as the goods are landed.

Damaged packages are to be left in the Godown for examination by Consignees and the Company's surveyors. Messrs. Gossard & Associates, 10 A.B. on Saturday, 8th August, 1953.

To comply with the General Bonded Warehouse Regulations Consignees must have a Revenue Officer in attendance when damaged dutiable goods are examined.

No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the steamer's Godown, and all goods remaining undischarged after 2nd August, 1953, will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer must be presented to the undersigned on or before 1st September, 1953, or they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

CHE DES MESSEAGERIES MARITIMES
Hongkong, 4th August, 1953.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

m/v "AUTOLYCUS"
Damaged cargo on this vessel will be surveyed by Messrs. Paulsen & Dwyer-Davy at 10th August, 1953, at 10 a.m. on August 5 and 6, 1953, and consignees are requested to have their representatives present during the survey.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.
Hongkong, August 4, 1953.

To ADVERTISERS

SUNDAY POST-HERALD
Space for commercial advertising should be booked not later than noon on Wednesday.

For the SOUTH CHINA MORNING POST and the CHINA MAIL, 48 hours before date of publication.

Special Announcements and Classified Advertisements as usual.

KEFAUVER PROTESTS PLAN FOR U.S. TROOPS

Washington, Aug. 3.
Senator Estes Kefauver (Democrat, Tennessee) today protested that the proposed use of United States troops to help rebuild war-torn South Korea was "alien to American traditions."

"We are not going to tolerate the use of American troops as forced labour in rehabilitation work," Senator Kefauver said in a Senate speech.

Senator Kefauver was referring to a plan disclosed at the week-end by the Secretary of State, Mr. John Foster Dulles, to put American troops to work building roads, bridges and hospitals so as to make South Korea a "show window of the free world."

"I am quite sure that almost any Congressman would tell him (Mr. Dulles) that we are not going to tolerate the use of American troops inducted for the defence of this nation as forced labour in rehabilitation work," Senator Kefauver said.

Senator Kefauver said never before had any proposal been made to use American citizens in uniform as "manual labour." "Certainly," he continued, "we want to get started with the rehabilitation of Korea as rapidly as possible. It is, however, a civilian job—not a forced labour job."

"If troops now in Korea had the skill needed for rehabilitating the war-torn land we should consider them for discharge from the armed forces and employ them as civilians," he said.

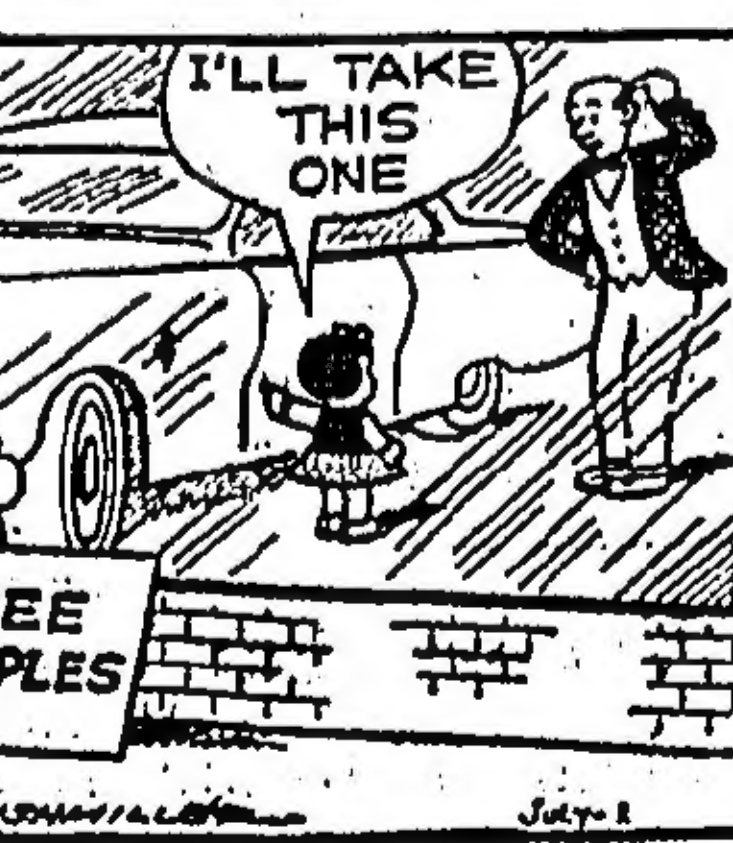
Senator Kefauver is a member of the Senate Armed Services Committee. He said he would ask that committee "to keep in touch with the rehabilitation plans for Korea and to require reports as to whether troops are being used and to what extent."

—Reuter.

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis



By Ernie Bushmiller



By Frank Robbins



P&O B.I. E&A COMPANIES

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL S.N. CO.

PASSENGER/FREIGHT SERVICE

Outwards	Leaves London	Due Hongkong
"CANTON"	23rd July	24th August
"CARTHAGE"	30th August	31st September
"CORFU"	17th September	10th October

Via Southampton, Port Said, Aden, Bombay, Colombo, Penang & Singapore.

Homewards	Leaves Hongkong	Due London
"CANTON"	27th August	28th Sept.
"CARTHAGE"	25th September	26th October
"CORFU"	23rd October	23rd November

Accepting cargo for Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Bombay, Aden, Port Said & London.

FREIGHT SERVICE

Outwards	Due	For
"SOUDAN"	24th August	Japan
"SURAT"	10th August	For Singapore, Penang, Port Swettenham, Colombo, Aden, Port Said, Genoa, Marseilles, Havre, London, Antwerp, Rotterdam & Hamburg

With liberty to call at Belawan before or after Straits Ports and at Bombay if inducement offers.

Tanks available for carriage of Oil in Bulk. Space for refrigerated cargo. Limited Passenger accommodation.

BRITISH INDIA S.N. CO., LTD.

	sails 23rd Aug.	from Japan
P. & O./B. I. JOINT SERVICE		

P. & O. S. I. JOINT SERVICE

"UMARIA"	due 11th Aug.	from Karachi Bombay, C.
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EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN S.S. CO., LTD.

"NANEN"	sails 14th Aug.	for Sydney, Melbourne & Adelaide
"EASTERN"	sails 22nd Aug.	for Lee, Rabaul, Brisbane, Sydney, Auckland & Melbourne

All vessels have liberty to call at any ports on or off the route & the route & sailing are subject to change or amendment with or without notice.

For full particulars apply to—
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.
OF HONG KONG LTD.
Telephone Nos. 27721-4.

JAPAN SILK EXPORTS INCREASE

Yokohama, Aug. 3.
July exports of raw silk, including dupion, shipped out from Yokohama and Kobe ports amounted to 6,065 bales or 2,294 bales more than the previous month.

According to the Japan Raw Silk Exporters Association, July export figure is broken down into 5,108 bales of raw silk (2,084 bales more than June) and 667 bales of dupion silk (210 bales more than June exports).

The increase is attributed to a sharp rise in purchases by The Netherlands and Sweden, which are believed to have re-exported Japanese raw silk to the United States at reduced prices. This belief is substantiated by a sharp decline in United States imports of raw silk directly from Japan during the month.

The Netherlands topped July raw silk export list with 1,138 bales, including 328 bales of dupion silk. The United States dropped to second place with 850 bales, including 592 bales of dupion silk. This country topped the June export list with 1,184 bales.

France followed with 810 bales, Indo-China 787 bales, Sweden 354 bales, including 137 bales of dupion silk. Germany 440 bales, Britain 225 bales, including 100 bales of dupion silk, Italy 93 bales, Argentina 75 bales, Switzerland and Finland 70 bales each, Brazil 30, Burma 28, India 28, Hongkong and America 25 bales each and Pakistan, Ave. — China, Mail Special.

Warders Arrested

Tokyo, Aug. 3.
The Tokyo police today arrested four warders of Koseigo prison on charges of helping prisoners to exchange messages with outside persons in return for monetary gifts.—Reuter.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

PASSENGER/FREIGHT SERVICE			
Outwards	Leaves	For	
"LA MARSEILLAISE"	Sailed	2-4 Aug.	Saloon
"VIETNAM"	Sailed	9-11 Aug.	Yokohama
"CAMBODGE"	Sailed	21 July	24 Aug.
Freight Service			
Outwards	Leaves	For	
"LA MARSEILLAISE"	4 August	17 Aug.	Saloon
"VIETNAM"	11 August	14 Sept.	Saloon
"CAMBODGE"	21 Aug.	24 Sept.	Saloon
via Marseilles to all Mediterranean & West Africa ports.			
via Djibouti to Madagascar.			
Freight Service			
Outwards	Leaves	For	
"COURSEULLES"	Europe-Sailed	2 Sept.	Japan
"AURAY"	Europe-Sailed	25 Sept.	Japan
"RAOUADY"	Hamburg-Sailed	8 Oct.	Japan
Freight Service			
Outwards	Leaves	For	
"SILVER SANDAL"	Keelung-19 August	20 August	
"MERON"	Keelung-4 October	5 October	
"COURSEULLES"	Keelung-22 Oct.	23 October	
"AURAY"	Keelung-22 Oct.	23 October	
† Saigon, Marseilles, Algiers, Oran, Tangiers, Casablanca, Le Havre, Antwerp, Rotterdam & Dunkirk.			
Subject to change without notice.			

EVERETT LINES

EVERETT ORIENT LINE

Fast regular freight-refrigerator-passenger service to Korea, Japan, Philippines, Indo-China, Siam, Malaya, Rangoon, Calcutta and Chittagong.

"LENEVERETT"

In Port Loading for Singapore, Penang, Sails Aug. 5 for Rangoon & Calcutta.

"NOREVERETT"

Arrives Aug. 19 from Singapore. Sails Aug. 19 for Kobe & Yokohama.

(Accepting cargo for transshipment Kobe/Pusan and Kobe/Okiawara)

EVERETT STAR LINE

Fast regular freight-refrigerator-passenger service to Korea, Japan, Philippines, Indo-China, Siam, Malaya, Colombo, Bombay, Karachi and Persian Gulf Ports.

"STAR ARCTURUS"

Arrives Aug. 10 from Japan. Sails Aug. 10 for Manila.

"STAR ALCYONE"

Arrives Aug. 21 from Singapore. Sails Aug. 22 for Naha & Japan.

(Accepting cargo for transshipment Kobe/Pusan and Kobe/Okiawara)

EVERETT STEAMSHIP CORPORATION S/A
Queen's Building, Telephone 31206.
Chinese Department: Telephone 28293.

Rally On Wall St Extended

New York, Aug. 3. Stocks began the month of August with an extension of the three-day rally which put prices up sharply last week after the initial post-truce selling.

All sections of the list participated and volume continued above the million-share level at 1,100,000 shares compared with 1,320,000 last Friday. Brokers reported a greater interest on the part of the public—a thing which they have insisted all along is necessary to an advance of any extent.

Although turnover was still small it compared most favorably with the recent 800,000-share days. Market-makers attribute the current advance—which has added nearly three billion dollars to market valuations in the past four sessions—to the continued reports of excellent earnings, the favorable forecasts by many business leaders and the Government's indication that it is planning no important reduction in expenditure.

All groups closed higher in July maintaining the tradition of the Summer rally. Television and aircraft stocks were prominent in the advance today. Philco, helped by an excellent report, ran up 1 1/2 points. Zenith was 1 1/2 higher. Douglas featured in the aircrafts with a gain of 1 1/2.

Dow Jones closing averages: 30 Industrials 270.13, 20 Rails 100.10, 10 Utilities 49.75, 50 Stocks 107.64, 40 Bonds 95.33, Comm. Prices Index 157.70.

COTTON FUTURES HIGHER

New York, Aug. 3. Cotton futures futures higher when the close of the day's trading was limited but welcome in view of the generally mixed and dull showing of the market during most of the session. The list ruled seven to 16 points higher at the close.

At the opening, the list was off three points to one point. New Orleans closed six to 12 points higher. Traders, however, still kept one eye out for private crop estimates which are expected some time this week.

Earlier, nearly October and December positions were under hedging pressure at the moment of the new crop increase. Operations by professional traders were fully active.

Inquiry for cotton goods was slow. Worth Street dealers reported.

Trade sources, while awaiting the official Government crop report on August 10 and private estimates this week, speculated that the 1953-4 crop would be the best since the 1949-50 season. Traders indicated that if this is so, then adoption of cotton acreage and marketing controls next year would appear a certainty.

NEW ORLEANS FUTURES

New Orleans, Aug. 3. Prices of cotton futures closed today as follows: (cruzeiros per kilo):—
August 34.15 nom.
October 34.15 nom.
December 34.15 nom.
March 1954 34.15 nom.
May 34.15 nom.
July 34.15 nom.
October 34.15 nom.
December 34.15 nom.
March 1954 34.15 nom.
May 34.15 nom.
July 34.15 nom.

FINANCING OF STERLING GOODS TRADE

More Generous Credit Facilities Being Permitted By The Bank Of England

Reversal Of Last Year's Restrictive Measures

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

London, Aug. 3.

The Bank of England has informed the commercial banks that they may in future extend rather more generous credit facilities to finance overseas trade in sterling goods.

This reverses the measure taken by the United Kingdom Government early last year to prevent speculation against the pound at a time when the gold and dollar reserves were rapidly running out.

To some extent, therefore, the Bank of England's decision follows logically upon the recent improvement in the reserves and the revival of confidence in the sterling exchange rate.

HONGKONG SHARE MARKET

(From Our Correspondent)

Business done on the Stock Exchange this morning amounted to \$399,000. Noon quotations and the morning's transactions:

SHARES BUYERS SELLERS SALES	
GOVT. LOANS	25000 @ 89
3 1/2% (1948)	54000 @ 89
BANKS	
HSBC	150 @ 1530
1 1/2% Bank X	25 @ 1540
East Asia	151
INSURANCES	
Union	150
Shanghai	150
SHIPPING	
Waterboat	250 @ 17 1/2
Asia Nav	5000 @ 17 1/2
DOCKS, ETC.	
Dock	100 @ 21.50
Provident	12.10
Wholesale	8.55 8.05
LAND, ETC.	
HSBC	7.80 @
HSBC Land	60% @ 500 @ 61
Shui Land	1.45 1.50 1 1/2
UTILITIES	
Star Ferry	125 125
C. Light (N)	12.50 12.40
C. Light (S)	8.45 8.50 1000 @ 81
Electric	27.50 100 @ 27
Macao Elec	22 500 @ 21 1/2
Telephone	22 500 @ 21 1/2
INDUSTRIALS	
Cement	10.30 700 @ 18.40
Iron	600 @ 18.40
Steel	100 @ 18.40
Steel	500 @ 21.10
Steel	1500 @ 21.10
Rope	
ST. PAUL	22.20 200 @ 22.30
Dairy	1000 @ 22.30
Swan	500 @ 22.30
Swan	500 @ 22.30
Swan	1500 @ 22.30
Waters	22.80
C. Crawford	24.20
COTTONS	
Textile Corp	5.05 5.70 2000 @ 5.70
	3000 @ 5.70

New York Foreign Exchange

New York, Aug. 3.	
Canada—official	2.01 1/2
—unofficial	2.01 3/4
—30-day futures	2.01 1/2
Australia	2.01 1/2
New Zealand	2.01 1/2
South Africa	2.01 1/2
Belgium	2.01 1/2
Denmark	2.01 1/2
France	2.01 1/2
Germany	2.01 1/2
Holland	2.01 1/2
Italy	2.01 1/2
Norway	2.01 1/2
Portugal	2.01 1/2
Spain	2.01 1/2
Sweden	2.01 1/2
Switzerland	2.01 1/2
MIDDLE EAST	
Egypt	2.01 1/2
Iran	2.01 1/2
Turkey	2.01 1/2
LATIN AMERICA	
Argentina	2.01 1/2
Brazil	2.01 1/2
Bolivia	2.01 1/2
Colombia	2.01 1/2
Cuba	2.01 1/2
Peru	2.01 1/2
Venezuela	2.01 1/2
FAR EAST	
India	2.01 1/2
Pakistan	2.01 1/2
Hongkong	2.01 1/2
Indonesia	2.01 1/2
Singapore	2.01 1/2
Japan	2.01 1/2

Sao Paulo Cotton Futures

Sao Paulo, Aug. 3. Prices of cotton futures closed today as follows (cruzeiros per kilo):—
August 19.50
October 19.50
December 19.50
March 1954 19.50
May 19.50
July 19.50
October 19.50
December 19.50
March 1954 19.50
May 19.50
July 19.50

Exchange Rates

Business was done in the local unofficial exchange market this morning at the following rates:—
12.5 dollar (per \$1) 12.5
Sterling note (per £1) 12.5
Indonesian guilders (per 100) 12.5
Siam baht (per 100) 12.5
Singapore dollars (per 100) 12.5
Indo-China piastres (per 100) 12.5

JAPANESE REPORT ON TRADE WITH RED CHINA

Tokyo, Aug. 3.

A Japanese businessman who returned from a 10-month visit to Red China predicted that chances are slim for opening regular shipping service between Japan and Red China.

Mr. Kasuo Suzuki, managing director of the Japan-Red China Trade Promotion Council, who returned to Kobe from Tientsin aboard the Danish ship Jacob Jaksen, said that efforts to trade with Red China would become intensive following the Korean armistice.

Japan's powerful rivals in trade with Communist China, the U.S., Britain, Germany, France and Italy who sell metals, machines, chemical products and others to the Chinese mainland and purchase raw materials for oils and furs.

The promotion of Japan-Red China trade is difficult, he said. The Chinese Communists complained that Japanese exports to Red China are too limited and that export prices are high compared to European products.

But, he said, 30 export and import contracts were concluded during his stay in China, thanks to the collaboration of the Export-Import Public Corporation.

He revealed that the Peking Government is currently drawing up plans for a five-year construction programme which is expected to be approved by the People's Convention in December.

Mr. Suzuki stressed that future trade negotiations with Communist China should be made with full consideration of the five-year construction programme.

Any negotiations which did not take this plan into consideration will be doomed to failure, he declared.—France-Press.

Grain Prices In Chicago

Chicago, Aug. 2. Prices of grain futures closed today as follows:—
Wheat—No. 2, red, per bushel in cents:—
Sept. 1953 194 1/2
Oct. 1953 194 1/2
Nov. 1953 194 1/2
Dec. 1953 194 1/2
Jan. 1954 194 1/2
Feb. 1954 194 1/2
March 1954 194 1/2
April 1954 194 1/2
May 1954 194 1/2
June 1954 194 1/2
July 1954 194 1/2
August 1954 194 1/2
September 1954 194 1/2
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Sheaffer's
"SNORKEL"

JOHN CLARKE'S CASEBOOK

After The Walk

IN looks and manner Ernestine reminds you of that sisterhood of ladies beyond middle-age, but of comfortable means and impeccable respectability, who seem permanently to inhabit the palm-courts of the best seaside hotels.

A formidable sisterhood, quick to complain to the management if everything is not just so, seeming to divide their lives between observing disapprovingly the doings of others, through forebodings, and trotting to the library to change another book.

Formidable, also a little sad, for most of these old ladies are lonely, as I fancy Ernestine is.

THE RECEPTION

SHORTLY after ten o'clock the other evening, in the border-country where Belgium becomes Victoria, a policeman saw Ernestine lurch and stagger across a road, reach a wire fence surrounding some gardens, and gratefully clutch it and cling on to it as though nothing else substantial were left in the world.

The policeman, thinking Ernestine must be ill, walked over to help her. Ernestine saw him coming. She tried to take off from the fence, but she could not. The officer realised she was drunk.

Next morning Ernestine was shown into the dock at Bow Street by the gaoler, as courteously as if he had been the hall-porter of some great hotel, and was showing her to the reception desk.

"Were you drunk last night?" the learned clerk asked.

THE MANAGER

ERNESTINE regarded him as if she had not quite caught what he said or hoped she had not heard aright. The question was repeated. "Do you plead guilty or not guilty?" the learned clerk asked.

"Well I'm afraid I can't say that I was drunk," Ernestine answered, "for I only had two bottles of stout."

The policeman who had arrested Ernestine took the oath and told his story, and she was invited to answer his questions.

"Now listen," Ernestine said, addressing herself not so much to the officer as to the magistrate, "Mr. H. H. Blundell, whom she clearly regarded as the manager of the extraordinary establishment she found herself in."

THE DOCTOR

"I'm under the doctor, and I've got the tablets here," she said, and began to dive into her handbag. "I'm under the doctor because I'm ill," she added by way of explanation, as she searched for the pills.

She found them at last, and held up the little box. "Do you want me to see them?" the magistrate asked.

"Of course," Ernestine answered.

The usher passed the pillbox to the bench, and Mr. Blundell studied them with due solemnity, then asked: "What would you like to tell me about last night?"

He added that Ernestine might speak on oath if she wished, but she replied: "There's really no need. I speak the truth."

"Last night," she said, "I had been for my two-hour walk by the river, and I was coming home, and I was tired—I'm 73, you know—just rested by the fence. That is all that happened."

THE DEPARTURE

"Well, it's very unfortunate," the magistrate said. "But I believe you were drunk. It may be that a little drink affected you because of your illness. Do take more care of yourself in future. I shall discharge you now."

Ernestine gathered her coat about her. "I'm very grateful to you," she said to the magistrate. Her tone was gracious. But it was that ice-cold graciousness the sisterhood employ when they mean to say to hotel managers: "It's no good your trying to explain, I shall never set foot in here again."

WALK OUT OF CONFERENCE

Oxford, Aug. 3. Delegates from Yugoslavia, France, Belgium and Luxembourg today walked out of an international teachers' conference here.

All the Yugoslav delegates and some from the other three countries made their exits in protest at the presence of two observers from Spain.—Reuter.

New Hopes Of Anglo-Egyptian Settlement

London, Aug. 3. Leading diplomatic quarters were increasingly hopeful today that the current exploratory Anglo-Egyptian talks will soon lead to the resumption of full dress negotiations for a settlement of the Canal Zone dispute.

Indications reaching London today from Cairo were that the most hotly disputed question of continued employment of British technicians in the base is nearing a solution.

The Foreign Office maintained the strict reserve which has prevailed since the first informal contacts were re-established a few days ago. But those in the know hinted that things have been going "quite satisfactorily" so far with a prospect for further improvement in the hitherto strained relations.

The reluctance of the Foreign Office to comment on the results already reached is chiefly motivated by its desire not to prejudice the issue and to avoid the revival of polemics.

The plan is to reach in the current informal contacts—in Cairo and London—an agreed basis of discussion before both sides go into formal negotiations.

MORE REALISTIC

London is anxious to avoid another break-down of the talks since they have been resumed. The talks on a settlement opened earlier this year broke down in Cairo in May.

Officials here feel that both sides now know better each other's stand and have become more realistic in appraising the limits to which they can go in their demands.

There is still a long way ahead before a final settlement can be reached but there is growing confidence in official quarters that the atmosphere for the talks has improved and with it the prospects of success.

American informants believe that a settlement will be reached this year and the United States has left both sides in no doubt that it is ready to offer mediation or mediation at any time should either be averted. At present both sides want to talk directly and to try to settle their quarrel in strictly bilateral negotiations.

Some of the latest Egyptian utterances have helped to clear the air. Held here to have indicated more readiness to do business than in previous weeks in particular.

POSSIBLE TERMS

British Press reports from Cairo claimed today that any forthcoming agreement may give Egypt the command of the Canal base after the evacuation with a British officer in control of British technicians.

The reports said that under such a settlement the British would remain under orders of the Egyptian military authorities who would be kept informed simultaneously.

The number of technicians, stated to have been originally set at some 12,000, has been levelled down to between 5,000 and 8,000, the reports added.

The other major question is the British demand for an undertaking by Egypt to make the base available to the Allies in the event of an emergency, a threat of war or outright aggression.

The problem of defining the conditions under which re-entry into the base can be made by Western forces is now under consideration.—United Press.

Senate Okays Aid Bill

Washington, Aug. 3. The United States Senate today approved a compromise bill providing more than \$5,500 million for military and economic aid to friendly nations in the fiscal year, which began on July 1.

The Senate approval came on a voice vote as leaders began a drive for final adjournment of Congress in the afternoon.

The bill includes \$4,531,507,000 (about \$1,818,395,300) in new funds for mutual assistance in the year, and \$2,120,915,300 (about \$757,499,782) carryover appropriations—making a total of \$6,652,422,300 (about \$2,575,895,089).

The new funds are about \$300,000,000 (about \$321,000,000) under what the Eisenhower Administration termed the "honest minimum," submitted after revision of the 1954 budget.—Reuter.

SIDE GLANCES By Galbraith



3-13
"I only pointed out a spelling error—but if she cries that easily, maybe she could sell some of our tough customers like old Vinegar-face Jones!"

Murder Trial: Suggestion Advanced By Accused

A suggestion that police officers deliberately lengthened a hole in the floor of his hut to make it look like a grave for a murdered man was made by Wong Hung, aged 28, an earth cooler, first accused in a murder trial which continued before Mr. Justice Scholes at Supreme Court this morning.

Wong was being cross-examined by Mr. D. O'Reilly Mayne, Crown Counsel, who is assisted by Divisional Det. Insp. D. S. Roberts, officer-in-charge of Police Investigation.

The other two accused are Wong's wife, Ng Kwan-ying, and Ching Shui, aged 20, earth cooler. All are charged with the murder of Chau Leung-yuen, accountant, employed by the Chan Cheung Construction Company at 38, Sai Tak Lane, on March 29.

RELATES CONVERSATION

He related the story of the conversation he had had on March 10 at a certain tea-house concerning the motor. It had been agreed that he was to hide the motor, which Ching Tai said was to be from the Chan Cheung Construction Co. he told the Court. Ching Hung, Ching Shui and accused then went to Homuntin to try to find a house, but were unsuccessful.

Wong said he did not see the motor but was told it was round and heavy. He did not know the value.

Mr. Mayne: "Are you asking the jury to believe that you entered into a dangerous contract without knowing what you were to gain from it? I put it to you that this is a sign of your imagination."

Accused denied this. He agreed that at this time both he and his wife were unemployed. Asked where he intended, in view of this, to get the money to pay the residue of the rent of the hut at 38 Sai Tak Lane on March 29, Wong said Ching Shui had told him to ask the owner of the hut to accept the balance on April 15. The landlord had died when he had said March 29 was the date agreed, he said.

Ching Shui and he had dug the hole, he said, which was not large enough to accommodate the deceased. It was for the motor. Later third accused had asked him to go and see Chau, who was to act as a broker in the matter of the motor. He took Chau back to his hut where third accused was waiting.

"ENLARGED HOLE"

Mr. Mayne pointed out that the evidence of a police officer said that the body was lying beneath the ground at a depth of about three feet, and showed Wong a photograph which had been taken while police were digging for the body.

Wong: "The policemen went to take a photograph of the hole on March 29. They went again in July after they had enlarged the hole in order that it would fit the size of the deceased."

Mr. Mayne pointed out that Wong had previously said the bag of cement was placed on top of the deceased. "So this there is not the remotest possibility of any part of this body sticking out of the ground."

Wong: "His feet were originally sticking out, but the earth was loose and soft."

Mr. Mayne: "The deceased was about 5'7½" tall. I put it to you that the hole was about six feet in length."—"No."

Counsel then asked why, if the motor to be accommodated

INTENT TO MURDER ALLEGED BY CROWN

The trial of Ngai Yuk-kwan, 25, proprietor of a dancing school of Fleming Road, on charges of wounding with intent to murder and robbery with violence, opened before the Senior Puisne Judge, Mr. Justice T. J. Gould, in the Criminal Sessions this morning.

The complainant, Yeung Kwong-kai, was stated by his doctor to be critically ill and unable to attend Court.

Accused was charged with wounding Yeung Kwong-kai with intent to murder on April 13, 1953. He was alternatively charged with unlawfully and maliciously wounding complainant with intent to do grievous bodily harm to him on the same date.

Accused was additionally charged with robbing complainant, with violence, of \$902.50 on the same date. Alternatively he faced a charge of robbery contrary to section 4 of the Larceny Ordinance.

Conducting the case for the Prosecution is Mr. D. N. E. Rea, Crown Counsel. Accused is defended by Mr. Patrick Yu, instructed by Mr. A. J. Farrell.

A jury of five men and two women has been empanelled. The Prosecutor said that accused was formerly employed as assistant manager and chief accountant of the Sul Fung Distillery of which his father-in-law, who was now in China, was a major partner. Accused was dismissed towards the end of 1951 but he was permitted to retain his quarters in the Distillery.

The complainant was appointed to the position vacated by the accused who later became the proprietor of a dance hall. The Prosecutor said that accused was in the habit of borrowing small sums of money from both his former employers or from his own cashier.

Two days before the alleged offences took place, complainant was leaving his office when he met accused who said he would introduce him (complainant) to a prospective employer. Accused then took complainant to his dance hall where they waited for three hours for the alleged prospective employer.

The following day accused borrowed \$100 from the dance hall cashier and on Monday he called on complainant and gave him an application form to fill in.

About 11 a.m. the same day complainant withdrew \$7,092.50 from the Company's safe with the intention of depositing the money in the bank. The notes were wrapped in small bundles and hidden in various parts of his clothing.

He was met by the accused as he left the office. Accused said that the application form had not been properly filled and suggested they should go to accused's room where he would instruct complainant accordingly.

Accused then wrote further details down on a piece of paper and handed it to the complainant who proceeded to fill the form with a fountain pen which he took from his pocket.

Complainant suddenly felt a blow struck on the back of his head causing the pen to crush the table and damaging the nib.

Complainant remembered staggering away in a faint and his next recollection, said the Prosecutor, was accused pressing against his neck with both thumbs as he was lying down on a bed.

A STRUGGLE

A struggle ensued during which one of the bundles of banknotes which were hidden inside complainant's clothing fell out on to the floor.

Complainant saw accused pick up the banknotes and put them in a pocket. At the same time a blanket was thrown over his head. When it was finally removed, complainant shouted "Save Life."

The next thing that complainant remembered was when he was escorted to hospital in an ambulance. He was medically examined and injuries and bruises were found to one eye, throat, right hand, and back of the head.

The original sum of money which he was to take to the Bank was then checked and it was found that \$902.50 was missing.

Evidence would be given by the sub-manager of the Distillery that about 11 a.m. that day as he was walking in the yard near accused's room he heard sounds of moaning and of shuffling noise. When he inquired what was the matter, the accused said it was nothing.

Water Restrictions Increase

The Water Authority of the Public Works Department announced this morning that, with effect from tomorrow (Wednesday), the hours of water supply will be reduced by one and a half hours each day, due to the lack of water in storage.

Until further notice, therefore, there will be nine and a half hours of water supply daily in all districts, i.e., from 6 a.m. to 5.30 a.m., and from 4 p.m. to 10 p.m.

Mail Notices

The latest times of posting below are those for registered correspondence posted at G.P.O. Hongkong. The latest times of posting elsewhere in general are earlier than the G.P.O. times, can be ascertained by enquiry at the local office. The latest posting times for registered articles are generally one hour earlier than those shown below. Particulars regarding parcel mails can be ascertained by enquiry at any post office.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 4
By Air
Indo-China, France, French North and West Africa, 6 p.m., via Air Vietnam.
Formosa, Japan, 6 p.m., TAC.
Burma, Ceylon, India, Pakistan, Middle East, Africa, Great Britain and Europe, 6 p.m., BOAC.
Far East, Japan, 6 p.m., BOAC.
Macao, 9 a.m.; 6 p.m., via Lee Hong/Tak Shing.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 5
By Air
Indo-China, 6 a.m., via CPA.
Philippines, Guam, Hawaii, U.S.A., Canada, 8 a.m., PAA.
Indo-China, Malaya, Indonesia, Australia, New Zealand, 8 a.m., CPA.
Formosa, Japan, U.S.A., Canada, 8 p.m., CAT/CAAL.
Malaya, Indonesia, Australia, New Zealand, Ceylon, India, Pakistan, Middle East, Great Britain and Europe, 6 p.m., BOAC.
Japan, 6 p.m., BOAC.
Macao, 9 a.m.; 6 p.m., via Lee Hong/Tak Shing.
China, People's Republic, 9.30 a.m., train via Canton.
Japan, 8 a.m., via Akashima Maru.
Burma, India, Noon, via Lenovert.
Indo-China, 1 p.m., via Lenovert.
Malaya, Ceylon, India, Pakistan, Middle East, France, Great Britain and Europe, 5 p.m., via Patroclus.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 6
By Air
Formosa, 1 p.m., via CAT.
Philippines, Guam, Hawaii, U.S.A., (San Francisco), 1 p.m., PAA.
Philippines, North Borneo, 6 p.m., CPA.
CFA, Malaya, Indonesia, Australia, New Zealand, India, Pakistan, Middle East, Africa, Great Britain and Europe, 6 p.m., BOAC.
Formosa, China, 6 p.m., INCA/NVAL.
By Surface
Macao, 9 a.m.; 6 p.m., via Lee Hong/Tak Shing.
China, People's Republic, 9.30 a.m., train via Canton.
Japan, 8 a.m., via Akashima Maru.
Burma, India, Noon, via Lenovert.
Indo-China, 1 p.m., via Lenovert.
Malaya, Ceylon, India, Pakistan, Middle East, France, Great Britain and Europe, 5 p.m., via Patroclus.

'Who's His Line?' Solution
HOUSE AGENT.
London Express Service.

Further Adjournment In The APL Case

An application by respondents for an adjournment was granted by the Full Court this morning, when hearing of the case between the American President Lines, Ltd., and the China Mutual Trading Co., Ltd., was to have continued.

On Wednesday last, the APL was granted leave by the Full Court to appeal to the Privy Council against its judgment upholding the decision of the Chief Justice who found in favour of the China Mutual Trading Co. Ltd. In a claim brought by the respondents against the APL over a cargo alleged to be strategic material destined for Communist China.

At the same hearing, the APL further applied for an extension of the stay of execution granted by the Full Court when it gave judgment for the respondents, until the result of the Privy Council appeal. The full Court had ordered a stay of execution of its judgment pending the hearing of the application for leave to appeal to the Privy Council.

Decision on this application for a stay was deferred last Wednesday until today for the purpose of allowing the respondents time to arrange for the putting up of security in the event of the Full Court deciding not to grant a further stay of execution.

This morning, Mr. D. A. L. Wright, who appeared for the respondents, asked the Court to extend the stay of execution.

The APL subsequently brought an appeal before the Full Court comprising Mr. Justice T. J. Gould (Senior Puisne Judge) and Mr. Justice C. W. Rice (Puisne Judge), who upheld the decision reached by the Full Court at the hearing of the application for leave to appeal to the Privy Council, and the extension of the stay of execution.

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CAR ON FIRE ABOARD FERRY

A private car caught fire on board a vehicular ferry travelling from Kowloon to Hongkong about 4 p.m. yesterday.

The fire, which is believed to have been caused by a short circuit in the rear of the car, was quickly extinguished by the ferry's crew, and the car was towed off the ferry.

The car suffered damage estimated at \$100.